

IDEAS.

Many see, but few have energy to do.
Nothing is impossible which is best.

We often endure much trouble rather than take a little.

If evil must come, face it. Wrestle with all your might and you will not be thrown down.

Reforming the world is like rolling a wheel up hill. Stop rolling, and down comes the wheel.

Most of the work which is done to carry the world forward is required to prevent it from going backward.

Men possessed with devils abound. Ardent spirits are the worst kind of evil spirits and the hardest to drive out.

Moral progress is the highest and hardest work of man. The path of life is steep, and runs along the edge of a precipice; but the higher we climb, the more we widen the distance between us and the brink.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

The Southern Emigration Society has brought out the fact that in several places through the South white laborers are being brought into virtual slavery, as some of the blacks have been. This old slave-holding spirit dies hard in the South and while it lingers it must hinder progress. The man who works, whether white or black, must be a free man, with all the rights and chances of a man.

The former State Commercial Convention is now called the Kentucky State Development Convention and will meet in Louisville on October 10, 11 and 12. This is a move in the right direction. An interesting and profitable meeting is expected.

Senator Foraker's speech in the opening of the Ohio campaign is regarded as foreshadowing a defeat of President Roosevelt's railroad rate legislation at the next session of the Senate.

Director of the Mint Roberts estimates an increase of \$7,000,000 in gold production in the year 1904 over the previous year. He estimates the increase of silver at 3,486,000 ounces. We have long been acquainted with the fact of the depreciation of silver from overproduction. It may be found, if the present ratio of increase keeps up, that an overproduction of gold is possible.

It looks now as though the tyranny of the owners of private car lines would soon be over. Even the railroads and their representatives in Congress seem inclined to sacrifice the private car lines, perhaps with the idea of thus distracting attention from themselves. At any rate such action will be a great relief to fruit growers and others using refrigerating cars all over the country.

The Indian Territory constitutional convention has completed its work. A constitution has been framed which will, in a short time, be submitted to the people for adoption. The name Sequoia has been adopted for the prospective new state. Application will be made to Congress at the coming session for admission as a state.

Kentucky's first practical demonstration train, which is to furnish farmers with the latest scientific discoveries in the growth of alfalfa and corn, started for Louisville on Monday of this week. Prof. P. C. Holden, of Ames, Ia., who in one year increased the production of corn in his state ten million bushels, is on the train. Richmond was the nearest stop to Berea and a large crowd was present. It seems as though more stops should have been planned for the mountain country. Anyone can raise corn in the Blue Grass, but it takes skill to make a crop among the mountains.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD

Venezuela is now in trouble with France. France has asked Uncle Sam's permission to give the little man a whipping.

Norway and Sweden have come to an agreement. Questions under dispute hereafter are to be referred to arbitration, and Norway's frontier fortresses are to be dismantled. Both nations deserve credit for their good sense and moderation. Norway better call an American to be its king.

Alfonso, Spain's boy king, is rumored to be about to marry Princess Ena of Battenberg, a niece of King Edward. She is hardly to be congratulated.

The Powers, who guaranteed the conditions of the Turko-Grecian treaty, have just declared their decision to assume control of the finances of Macedonia.

It is reported that the boycott of American goods in China has been declared off.

UNCLE SAM TO PORTO RICO: "AND TO THINK THAT BAD BOY CAME NEAR BEING YOUR BROTHER!"



TURMOIL IN CUBA.

Liberal Leaders Will Ask the United States to Take Charge of the Election.

CLAIMED PALMA VIOLATES LAW.

The Supposed Author of the Outrage on the Shield of the American Consulate Arrested.

Autopsy of the Chief of Police Killed Last Friday at Cienfuegos Shows That the Bullets Entered By the Back.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Liberal party leaders, fearing trouble at the presidential election in December, are preparing to send a committee to Washington to ask the United States to intervene and guarantee that the elections will be properly conducted. The liberals hope to secure intervention before the regular presidential election in December.

The Lucha, in lieu of an editorial, publishes a letter signed by a liberal senator, who says the government has put itself outside the law in order to prolong its own existence. Constitutional guarantees have been suppressed, the rights of citizens trampled upon and the people declared unfit for a free life. Justice has been submitted to the government's caprice and the acts of the courts have been dictated by the executive, which manipulates the public force to perpetuate its own existence.

Other newspapers, however, comment upon the situation with moderation and confidence.

Col. Ferrara Arrested.
Col. Ferrara, secretary to Gen. Gomez, liberal candidate for president, has been arrested for sedition. This is the sixth charge against him.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Mr. Quesada, the Cuban minister, received the following advice from Cuba:

"The autopsy of the chief of police killed last Friday at Cienfuegos shows that the bullets entered by the back and the revolver of the chief had all bullets. Both facts prove he did not fire and that he was attacked without having a chance to defend himself.

"The supposed author of the outrage on the shield of the American consulate at Cienfuegos has been arrested.

"The confirmation that the elections have resulted favorably to the moderate party caused a sudden rise in all securities on the stock exchange at Havana, some as much as 10 points."

WATCHMAN FATALLY SHOT.

Fred W. Long, a Love-Sick Youth, Is Under Arrest.

Philadelphia, Sept. 27.—Samuel Barr, 65, a watchman at the Pennsylvania hospital for the insane, in West Philadelphia, was shot four times and perhaps fatally wounded while attempting to eject a man who is said to have had no right in the institution. Fred W. Long, aged 21, is under arrest, charged with having fired the shots. Long, according to the police, confessed the crime and said that he had gone to the institution with the intention of committing suicide in case he should fail to persuade a young woman attendant at the hospital to reconsider her refusal to marry him.

Death of Mrs. Mary E. Farwell.
Chicago, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Mary E. Farwell, widow of the late United States Senator Charles B. Farwell, died of pneumonia at her residence in the suburb of Lake Forest. Mrs. Farwell was born in Williamstown, Mass., in 1825.

ONE MAN DROWNED.

Steamer Bayport Ran Down the Schooner Job H. Jackson.

Newport News, Va., Sept. 27.—The steamer Bayport, outward bound for this port for Boston with coal ran down and sank three masted schooner Job H. Jackson from New-York for Norfolk in Chesapeake Bay. Charles Johnstad, a Norwegian, of the Jackson's crew, who was at the wheel when the collision occurred, was washed overboard and drowned and the mate, T. J. Robbins, had his right arm broken.

After the collision the Bayport's boat rescued Capt. Williamson, Mate Robbins and four others and brought them here. After rescuing the men the Bayport dropped anchor near Cape Henry and a schooner, supposed to be the Ann J. Trainer, inward bound from New York for Norfolk, ran down the Bayport, badly damaging her. The schooner had her fore rigging carried away, but the injuries to her hull are not known. After the collision the Trainer proceeded to Norfolk. No one on either ship was injured.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

Thirty-One New Cases and Five Deaths at New Orleans.

New Orleans, Sept. 27.—Yellow fever report to 6 p. m. Tuesday: New cases, 31; total to date, 2,899; deaths, 5; total to date, 375; new foci, 7; under treatment, 286; cases discharged, 2,238.

Though the deaths were more numerous than since Saturday, the fever situation Tuesday was regarded as showing unmistakable signs of improvement.

News from Port Gibson, Miss., Tuesday was to the effect that the discovery of two genuine cases there had resulted in something of a panic.

The country report was meager and indicated no new points of infection. The reports were: Kenner, 3 new cases, 1 death; Patterson, 6 new cases; Bunkie, 1 death; Litcher, 1 new case; Grand Isle, 2 new cases; Tallulah, 5 new cases.

TYPHOON SWEPT MANILA.

Ten Natives Were Killed and 1,000 Residents Homeless.

Manila, Sept. 27.—A typhoon swept over this city Tuesday. The storm lasted three hours and at 2 p. m. the wind attained a velocity of 105 miles an hour. The property damage is estimated at \$500,000. Ten natives were killed and 1,000 rendered homeless. The botanical gardens and the telephone system were wrecked. Slight damage was done to the United States quartermaster's store house and the city was thrown into darkness.

The weather was clear Wednesday and the clearing of wreckage was proceeding.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER.

Representative Men of Cleveland Called Upon the Oil King.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 27.—Several hundred representative men of Cleveland called upon John D. Rockefeller at his home in Forest Hill, and through Andrew Squire, a prominent attorney, and L. E. Holden, proprietor of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, expressed to Mr. Rockefeller their esteem for him as a citizen and as a great business man. The gathering included merchants, lawyers, clergymen, educators and men in humbler walks of life.

A Large Order For Flour.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 27.—An order for 180,000 barrels of flour to be delivered immediately has been placed with a local flour mill by Vladivostok flour merchants. This is the largest single order ever placed on the Pacific coast.

Dr. W. G. BEST

DENTIST,

Office over Post Office.

DR. SWITZER

CENTER ST.

Just around the corner

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LICENSED EMBALMER AND UNDERTAKER.

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Satisfaction guaranteed. Up-stairs over Gabbard & Hills store, Main st.

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House & Lot in Berea

Lot five rods by eight rods and twenty links. Good fence. About one dozen fruit and shade trees. Boxed house, six rooms, all ceiled. Good well. Small barn, two stalls and hay loft. Joining lot to District School (for whites) and in half a mile of the College.

Price low. Terms reasonable. Call on,

J. P. BICKNELL, BEREA.

Or write,
W. D. SMITH, Lock Box N,
Brunswick, Nebr.

GREAT CENTRAL.

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The Michigan Line

Electric Lighted Trains,
All New, to

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—AND—
DETROIT

THROUGH CARS TO

Charlevoix, Petoskey, Bay View, Wequetonsing, Harbor Springs.

Cheap Homeseekers' rates to points in the West and South. Inquire of C. H. & D. agents for full particulars or address

D. G. EDWARDS, P. T. M.,
Cincinnati.

Not Fatal.

No Matter What Doctors Say—We Know That Heart Trouble in Many Cases Can Be Cured.

There are seven main features of heart disease, viz: (1) Weakness or Debility; (2) Rheumatism or Neuralgia; (3) Valvular Disorder; (4) Dilation; (5) Enlargement; (6) Fatty Degeneration; (7) Dropsy.

Documentary evidence will prove thousands of so-called "incurables" have been absolutely cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

Patients often have no idea their disease is heart trouble, but ascribe it to Indigestion, Liver Complaint, etc.

Here are some of the symptoms: Shortness of breath after exercise, Smothering Spells, Pain in Chest, left Shoulder and arm. Discomfort in Lying on one side. Fainting Spells. Nervous Cough. Swelling of Feet and Ankles. Paleness of Face and Lips. Palpitation. Nightmare. Irregular Pulse.

"I have great faith in Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and speak of its merits whenever opportunity presents. I can now go up and down stairs with ease, where three weeks ago I could hardly walk one block. One year later—'I am still in good health; the Heart Cure did so much for me, that I find it a far greater medicine than you claimed it to be.'—S. D. YOUNG, D. D., 697 North Pine St., Natchez, Miss.

Money back if first bottle fails to benefit. FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New, Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank for our Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what is wrong and how to right it. Absolutely Free. Address: DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

Berea Banking Company

CAPITAL & SURPLUS \$25,000.

Berea, Ky. Sept. 14, '05.

BANKING IS LARGELY a matter of confidence.

It will help you and help us to become acquainted. We invite you to call at any time. You may expect us to talk business. We want to assist you in your inclination to spend less money by cutting off unnecessary expenditures. A savings account will stimulate that purpose. Let's talk it over.

W. M. Tankersley
Cashier.

You're Invited

To pay our store a lengthy call that you may inspect the largest, newest, best bought stock of goods in Eastern Kentucky. COME IN—LOOK—EXAMINE—COMPARE and PRICE. Our goods are all for sale, we advertise and encourage home buying and we don't have to

GRUMBLE ABOUT BUSINESS

We have SEASONABLE, REASONABLE GOODS that never fail To make SMILING SATISFIED CUSTOMERS. Honest Dealing, Lowest Prices and Judges of Quality will all testify in our behalf.

We Sell WHITE HOUSE SHOES

They Fit, they Wear, they Satisfy.

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STUDEBAKER WAGONS
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Everybody saves money by trading at

WELCH'S

Fall Suits

\$10, \$12.50, \$15.

There is a neat, handsome character to our Fall Clothing that appeals to every man who examines it. Yet, with it all, the showing of suits at the popular prices meets the wishes of the most economical men. Nowhere else can such style and character be secured in Men's and Boy's Suits at our prices.

Proper selection and right buying bring to pass these low prices for the best and latest styles the season affords—Come in and be convinced.

The New Cash Store

C. C. RHODUS, Proprietor.



A FOUR-LEAVED CLOVER.

He was only a sprig of clover,
But he raised his head with pride
As he looked his comrades over,
Growing on every side.
He had come with the birds in springtime
When the snow had left the ground,
A wee, little, lonesome stranger,
When he first had looked around.
But day by day he had strengthened,
As the sun shone glad and strong;
His leaves had widened and lengthened,
As he sang his little song:

"I'm only a four-leaved clover
Down in the meadow green;
They hunt for me all over,
And they're lucky when I'm seen."

And people passed before him,
But so quiet and still lay he
That they never dreamed they were o'er
him.

When near as near could be,
So he grew by the side of the daisy,
Close to the busy feet.
Why! the rascal seemed to be lazy,
Compared with the rustling wheat.
But there came his day of duty,
For a maiden passed that way,
And her sharp eyes spied the beauty
As she heard him softly say:

"I'm only a four-leaved clover
Down in the meadow green;
They hunt for me all over,
And they're lucky when I'm seen."

Then she picked the little treasure,
And carried him safe away,
With a gentle thrill of pleasure,
Upon that summer day.
And now he's a dry little fellow,
Put away in a book on the shelf;
No longer so green and so mellow,
But a brown, straight, stiff, little elf.
Is all of his usefulness over
Since he's left the green meadow below?
Just you put your ear to the clover
And you'll hear him whispering low:
"I'm only a four-leaved clover,
Once from the meadow green;
They hunt for me all over,
And they're lucky when I'm seen."
—Rev. Thornton B. Penfield, Ph. D., in
N. Y. Observer.

D'ri and I

By IRVING BACHELLER

Author of "Eben Holden," "Darrel of
the Blessed Isles," Etc.

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CHAPTER VIII.—CONTINUED.

"They will never sting," she would say, "if one does not declare war. To strike, to make any quick motion, it gives them anger. Then, mon cher ami! it is terrible. They cause you to burn, to ache, to make a great noise, and even to lie down upon the ground. If people come to see me, if I get a new servant, I say: 'Make to them no attention, and they will not harm you.'"

In the house I have seen her catch me by the wings on a window and, holding it carefully ask me to watch her captive—sometimes a great daredevil, hornet, lion-maned—as he lay sabbaging with his poison-dagger.

"Now," said she, "he is angry; he will remember. If I release him he will sting me when I come near him again. So I do not permit him to live—I kill him."

Then she would impale him and invite me to look at him with the microscope.

One day the baroness went away to town with the young ladies. I was quite alone with the servants. Father Joulin of the chateau came over and sat awhile with me, and told me how he had escaped the Parisian mob, a night in the Reign of Terror. Late in the afternoon I walked awhile in the grove with him. When he left I went slowly down the trail over which I had ridden. My strength was coming fast. I felt like an idle man, shirking the saddle, when I should be serving my country. I must to my horse and make an end to dallying. With thoughts like these for company, I went farther than I intended. Returning over the bushy trail I suddenly came upon—Louis! She was neatly gowned in pink and white.

"Le diable!" said she. "You surprise me. I thought you went another way."

"Or you would have not have taken this one," I said.

"Of course not," said she. "One does not wish to find men if she is hunting for—" she hesitated a moment, blushing—"mon Dieu! for bears," she added.

I thought then, as her beautiful eyes looked up at me smiling, that she was incomparable, that I loved her above all others—I felt sure of it.

"And why do you hunt bears?" I inquired.

"I do not know. I think it is because they are so—so beautiful, so amiable!" she answered.

"And such good companions."

"Yes; they never embarrass you," she went on. "You never feel at loss for a word."

"I fear you do not know bears." "Dieu! better than men. Voila!" she exclaimed, touching me with the end of her parasol. "You are not so terrible. I do not think you would bite."

"No; I have never bitten anything but—but bread and doughnuts, or something of that sort."

"Come, I desire to intimidate you. Won't you please be afraid of me? Indeed, I can be very terrible. See! I have sharp teeth."

She turned with a playful growl, and parting her crimson lips, showed them to me—white and shapely, and as even as if they had been wrought of ivory. She knew they were beautiful, the vixen.

"You terrify me. I have a mind to run," I said, backing off.

"Please do not run," she answered

quickly. "I should be afraid that—that—"

She hesitated a moment, stirring the moss with one dainty foot.

"That you might not return," she added, smiling as she looked at me.

"Then—then perhaps it will do as well if I climb a tree."

"No, no; I wish to talk with you."

"Ma'm'selle, you honor me," I said.

"And dishonor myself, I presume, with so much boldness," she went on.

"It is only that I have something to say; and you know when a woman has something to say—to say—"

"It is a fool that does not listen if she be as fair as you," I put in.

"You are—well, I shall not say what I think of you, for fear—for fear of giving offense," said she, blushing as she spoke. "Do you like the life of a soldier?"

"Very much, and especially when I am wounded, with such excellent care and company."

"But your side—it was horribly torn. I did feel very sorry—indeed I did. You will go again to the war?"

"Unless—unless—Ah, yes, ma'm'selle, I shall go again to the war," I stammered, going to the brink of confession, only to back away from it, as the blood came hot to my cheeks.

She broke a tiny bough and began stripping its leaves.

"Tell me, do you love the baroness?" she inquired as she whipped a swaying bush of brier.

The question amazed me. I laughed nervously.

"I respect, I admire the good woman—she would make an excellent mother," was my answer.

"Well spoken!" she said, clapping her hands. "I thought you were a fool. I did not know whether you were to blame or—the Creator."

"Or the baroness," I added laughing.

"Well," said she, with a pretty shrug, "is there not a man for every woman? The baroness thinks she is irresistible. She has money. She would like to buy you for a plaything—to marry you. But I say beware. She is more terrible than the keeper of the Bastille. And you—you are too young!"

"My dear girl," said I, in a voice of pleading, "it is terrible. Save me! Save me, I pray you!"

"Pooh! I do not care!"—with a gesture of indifference. "I am trying to save myself, that is all."

"From what?"

"Another relative. Parbleu! I have enough." She stamped her foot impatiently as she spoke. "I should be

hammock. She was all in white. A trifle taller and a bit more slender than her sister, I have sometimes thought her beauty was stately, also, and more statuesque. The sight of her seemed to kindle in me the spirit of old chivalry. I would have fought and died for her with my best lance and plume. In all my life I had not seen a woman of sweeter graces of speech and manner, and, in truth, I have met some of the best born of her sex.

She had callers presently—the Sieur Michel and his daughter. I went away, then, for a walk, and, after a time, strolled into the north trail. Crossing a mossy glade, in a circle of fragrant cedar, I sat down to rest. The sound of falling water came to my ear through thickets of hazel and shadberry. Suddenly I heard a sweet voice singing a love-song of Provence—the same voice, the same song, I had heard the day I came fainting on my horse. Somebody was coming near. In a moment I saw Louise before me.

"What, ma'm'selle!" I said; "alone in the woods!"

"Not so," said she. "I know you were here—somewhere, and—and—well, I thought you might be lonely."

"You are a good angel," I said. "Always trying to make others happy."

"Eh bien," said she, sitting beside me, "I was lonely myself. I cannot read or study. I have neglected my lessons; I have insulted the tutor—threw my book at him, and walked away, for he sputtered at me. I do not know what is the matter. I know I am very wicked. Perhaps—ah me! perhaps it is the devil."

"Ma'm'selle, it is appalling!" I said. "You may have injured the poor man. You must be very bad. Let me see your palm."

I held her dainty fingers in mine, that were still hard and brown, peering into the pink hollow of her hand. She looked up curiously.

"A quick temper and a heart of gold," I said. "If the devil has it, he is lucky, and—and, well, I should like to be in his confidence."

"Ah, m'sieur," said she, seriously, a little tremor on her lips. "I have much trouble—you do not know. I have to fight with myself."

"You have, then, a formidable enemy," I answered.

"But I am not quarrelsome," said she, thoughtfully. "I am only weary of the life here. I should like to go away and be of some use in the world. I suppose it is wicked, for my papa wishes me to stay. And bah! it is a prison—a Hospital de Salpêtrière!"

"Ma'm'selle," I exclaimed, "if you talk like that I shall take you on my horse and fly with you. I shall come as your knight, as your deliverer, some day."

"Alas!" said she, with a sigh, "you would find me very heavy. One has nothing to do here but grow lazy and—clie!—fat."

If my meeting with her sister had not made it impossible and absurd, I should have offered my heart to this fair young lady then and there. Now I could not make it seem the part of honor and decency. I could not help adoring her simplicity, her frankness, her beautiful form and face.

"It is no prison for me," I said. "I do not long for deliverance. I cannot tell you how happy I have been to stay—how unhappy I shall be to leave."

"Captain," she said quickly, "you are not strong; you are no soldier yet."

"Yes; I must be off to the wars."

"And that suggests an idea," said she, thoughtfully, her chin upon her hand.

"Which is?"

"That wealth is my ill fortune," she went on, with a sigh. "Men and women are fighting and toiling and bleeding to make the world better, and I—I am just a lady, fussing, primping, peering into a looking glass! I should like to do something, but they think I am too good—too holy."

"But it is a hard business—the labors and quarrels of the great world," I suggested.

"Well—it is God's business," she continued. "And am I not one of his children, and 'wist ye not that I must be about my Father's business?' It was not too good for the man who said that."

"But what would you do?"

"I do not know. I suppose I can do nothing because—alas! because my father has bought my obedience with a million francs. Do you not see that I am in bondage?"

"Be patient; the life of a rich d'oiselle is not barren of opportunity."

"To be gay—oh! one might as well be a peacock; to say pretty things, one might better be a well trained parrot; to grace the court or the salon, I had as soon be a statue in the corner."

It has more comfort, more security; to be admired, to hear fine compliments—well, you know that is the part of a pet poodle. I say, captain, to be happy one must be free to do."

I looked into her big eyes, that were full of their new discovery.

"I should like to be among the wounded soldiers," said she, her face brightening. "It did make me very happy to sit by your bedside and do for you."

There was a very tender look in her eyes then.

She started to rise. A brier, stirring in the breeze, had fallen across her hair. She let me loose the thorns, and, doing so, I kissed her forehead—I could not help it.

"M'sieur!" she exclaimed in a whisper. Then she turned quickly away and stood tearing a leaf in her fingers.

"Forgive me!" I pleaded, for I saw that she was crying. "It was the impulse of a moment. Pray forgive me!"

She stood motionless and made no answer. I never felt such a stir in me, for I had a fear, a terrible fear, that I had lost what I might never have again.

"It was honorable admiration," I

continued, rising to my full height beside her. "Tell me, ma'm'selle, have I hurt you?"

"No," said she in a voice that trembled. "I am thinking—I am thinking of somebody else."

The words, spoken so slowly, so sweetly, seemed, nevertheless, to fly at me. "Of somebody else!" Whom could she mean? Had her sister told her? Did she know of my meeting with Louise? I was about to confess how deeply, how tenderly, I loved her. I had spoken the first word when this thought flashed upon me, and I halted. I could not go on.

"Ma'm'selle," I said. "I—I—if it is I of whom you are thinking, give me only your pity, and I can be content. Sometime, perhaps, I may deserve more. If I can be of any service to you, send for me—command me. You shall see that I am not ungrateful. Ah, ma'm'selle," I continued, as I stood to my full height, and felt a mighty uplift in my heart that seemed to toss the words out of me, "I have a strong arm and a good sword, and the love of honor and fair women."

She wiped her eyes, and turned and looked up at me. I was no longer a sick soldier.

"It is like a beautiful story," she said thoughtfully; "and you—you are like a knight of old. We must go home. It is long past luncheon hour. We must hurry."

She gave me her arm up the hill, and we walked without speaking.

"I am very well to-day," I remarked as we came to the road. "If you will wait here until I get to the big birch, I shall go around to see if I can beat you to the door."

"It is not necessary," said she, smiling, "and—and, m'sieur, I am not ashamed of you or of what I have done."

The baroness and Louise had not yet returned. M. Pidgeon was at luncheon with us in the big dining room, and had much to say of the mighty Napoleon and the coalition he was then fighting.

The great monsieur stayed through the afternoon, as the baroness had planned a big houseparty for the night, in celebration of the count's return. My best clothes had come by messenger from the Harbor, and I could put myself in good fettle. The baroness and the count and Louise came early, and we sat long together under the trees.

The dinner was at seven. There were more than a dozen guests, among whom were a number I had seen at the chateau—Mr. David Parish of Ogdensburg, who arrived late in a big, two-wheel cart drawn by four horses that came galloping to the door, and Gen. Wilkinson, our new commander in the north, a stout, smooth-faced man, who came with Mr. Parish in citizen's dress.

[To Be Continued.]

Why One Brother Remained Outside.

William E. Mason, who recently returned from an eastern trip, is telling a story about two country merchants he met during his travels. The men were brothers, well along in years, and among the most prosperous citizens of their county. One of the brothers was moved not long ago to believe that he should join the church. Neither had ever paid attention to religious affairs, but a stirring evangelist had finally aroused the elder man to feel that the church was where he belonged. He endeavored to persuade his brother to join the church with him, but whenever the subject was mentioned the brother always waived the subject and would not discuss the matter. Finally, the elder brother said one day: "John, why don't you join the church if I do?" "Well, Bill, I might as well tell you. You go ahead and join the church; but if I join it, too, who's going to weigh the wool?"—Chicago Chronicle.

"Canned White Man."

Burton Holmes, the lecturer, says that the Indians of Alaska regard white men and canned goods as so closely associated that they are nearly synonymous. Wherever the white man is seen canned meats, fruits and vegetables are found. When Mr. Holmes visited Alaska recently he carried with him a phonograph and it was exhibited to an old chief who never had seen a talking machine before. When the machine was started and the sound of human voice came from the trumpet the Indian was very much interested. He listened gravely for a time, then approached and peered into the cylinder and stopped the Indian pointed at it and remarked: "Huh! Him canned white man."—N. Y. Sunday Telegraph.

Powerful.

"That'll be a powerful machine," said a native of the north of Scotland to a motorist the other day.

"Yes, it's a splendid car," replied the owner, proudly.

"I suppose a car like that will be nearly 100 horse-power?" suggested the countryman.

"Oh, no," said the motorist, modestly; "it is only ten horse. A hundred horse-power car would be much larger."

"I wasn't going by size," the Highlander dryly explained. "I was going by the smell of it."—London Chronicle.

Hadn't Forgotten It.

"For years I have suffered in silence," remarked Peckham at the dinner table the other evening, "but you should remember the old saying that even the worm will turn."

"Huh!" sneered Mrs. Peckham, "I hope you don't call yourself a worm, do you?"

"Possibly not," replied the theoretical head of the combine, "yet on the day of our marriage I have a distinct recollection of hearing some one refer to you as the early bird."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CHAPTER IX.

Next morning the baroness went away in her glittering caleche with Louise. Each shining spoke and golden turret flashed the sunlight back at me as I looked after them at the edge of the wood. The baroness had asked me to go with her, but I thought the journey too long. Louise came out and sat by me awhile as I lay in the

more difficult to construct the car. I had trouble with the brake. This is the second car I have built.

"We have lots of fun with the railway. All the boys and girls like to ride on it, and even the grown folks enjoy it."

David was graduated from the Webster Groves school last spring and received his certificate admitting him to the Central high school in St. Louis, but he is going to the manual training school of Washington university.

When he finishes the manual training course he expects to take up mechanical and civil engineering. He inherits his inventive genius from his father, who is an inventor of considerable skill.

"I don't know what I will be when I am grown," said David. "I am a boy now and I am going to have a good time, and when I am grown I will do whatever I think is best."

"I don't like to study spelling or grammar, but I like history and arithmetic. I like history the best, and I like to read boys' books, the kind that tell about adventure and travel."

WHAT A PENNY CAN DO.

One Instance Where a Fraction of a Cent on a Contract Nearly Brought Ruin.

Most of the talk is about "millions" these days, and I notice that young people, like older ones, are beginning to look down on the pennies and to imagine that saving pennies is too slow altogether for this age.

Let me tell you a true story about a recent big engineering contract that shows the value of pennies.

A great firm, well known through the country, figured on an engineering contract a few years ago. They had everything calculated to the last cent, except the cost of some dredging. On this they couldn't quite figure within half of one cent per cubic foot without getting more facts.

"We'd better investigate," said the elder partner, "and find out just how much we'll have to dredge."

"Nonsense," said the younger and more active partner. "It is only half a cent, and it's not worth bothering about."

So they signed the contract.

After they had worked six months it developed that the firm would have to dredge away 10,000,000 cubic feet of material. It also turned out that it would cost them exactly "only half a cent" per cubic foot more to do it than they were getting for it. Ten million cubic feet, at that half a cent each, which the younger partner had said was "not worth bothering about," amounted to just \$50,000.

The firm has been working three years now to fulfill a contract at a heavy loss simply because a man didn't consider that half a cent was worth bothering about.

In a Safe.

Beatrice's papa had gone to the country on business. Each night when she said her prayers her mamma taught her to say: "God bless papa and send him home safe." Beatrice misunderstood her mamma, and, instead of saying that she would say: "God bless papa, and send him home in a safe." One day as the bottom fell out of an old safe down in the cellar Beatrice came to her mamma and said: "Mamma, I wonder what God will send papa home in now."

BUILDS SCENIC RAILWAY.

David Beattie, 13 Years Old, of St. Louis, Displays Remarkable Inventive Genius.

"David Beattie is just a natural born inventor," declared a score of Webster Groves boys, who were enthusiastic in their praise of their playmate's talent. David, who is 13 years old, is the son of William J. Beattie, No. 429 Maple avenue, Webster Groves, a suburb of St. Louis.

He has built a scenic railway 200 feet long at his father's home, and by virtue of this railway the boys of Webster Groves declare they have the larger scenic railways beaten.

David is a manly lad, small for his age, but with a quick and well-developed brain and a fertile imagination.

Last summer, says the St. Louis Republic, he spent all of his spare time at



SCENIC RAILWAY IN OPERATION.

the world's fair and most of that time was spent in the Machinery hall, the Palace of Electricity, Transportation building and on the scenic railway. He spent most of his dimes for rides on the scenic railway, and while riding he evolved the plan of building a scenic railway of his own.

He selected a location on the side lawn, which has considerable slope, thus taking advantage of the natural gravitation. Then with the assistance of his two cousins he dug post holes in two rows for 200 feet.

Into these holes he put posts, the first set standing ten feet above the ground, the next set a little lower and so on until the posts extend only about three feet above the ground. Then they began to ascend until they reach the ten-foot mark, and then to descend.

Two parallel beams are placed upon the tops of the posts, and ties are then nailed to the beams. Two parallel strips of weather boards form the rails.

"I built the railway out of an old fence," explained the young inventor. "I was going to build a loop so we could turn the car and come back. As it is, we can ride down, but have to push the car back. But papa stopped me. You see my car does not have the right kind of axles to make a turn, and papa was afraid we would meet with an accident."

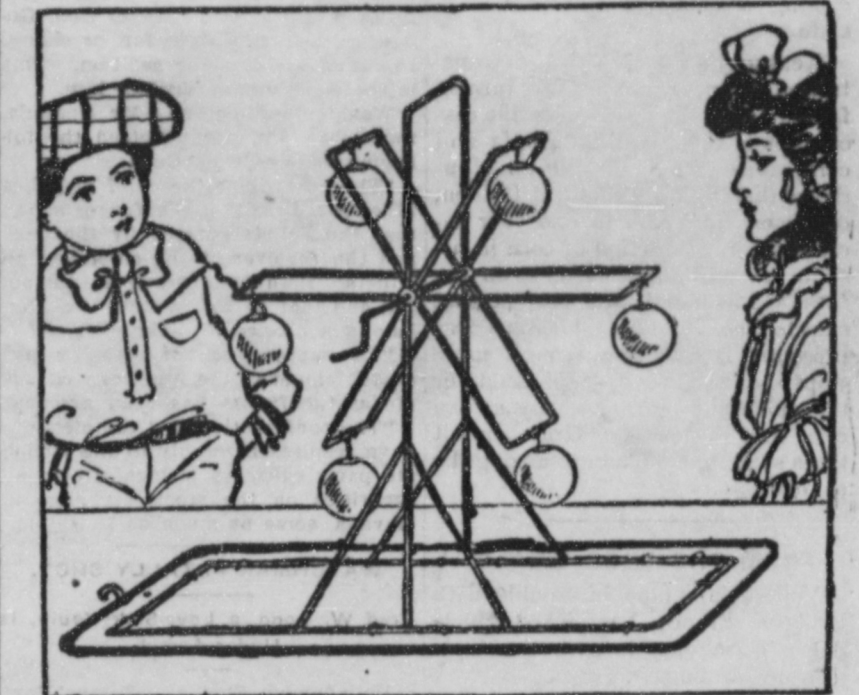
"Some day I am going to reconstruct the car and put on the right sort of axles, and then I will make a loop. I have the stiff axles now. It took a long time to build the railway, but it was

MAKING A BUBBLE WHEEL

Here is a soap bubble experiment making that fast, also, with the sealing wax. Now you have the wheel and axle.

Next slip a perforated bit of card or thin wood over each end of the wire axle, fasten three cards to the uprights about half way up, and bend one end of the wire into the form of a crank.

If you make the whole thing of wire



THE BUBBLE WHEEL IN FULL OPERATION.

mercial Tribune, take a long straw and bend it twice at right angles to form the two uprights and the brace over the top. Fasten the ends of the straw with sealing wax to the board and stiffen it by four diagonal braces, two on each side, which are also fastened with wax to the board and uprights. Now make three rectangles, or oblong figures, by bending long straws four times at right angles. The oblongs should be equal in length, but should differ very slightly in breadth.

Put the narrowest one inside and the widest one outside of the third one. Arrange them so that they make equal angles with each other, like spokes of a wheel, and fasten them together with sealing wax, at the same time laying a fine but rather stiff wire across the junctions and

you do not need the diagonal braces, for the ends of the uprights, made of stouter wire than the rest, may be driven firmly into holes in the board.

Now cut out six little disks of cardboard. Hang one of them by a wire hook from each of the ends of the oblongs, and attach a soap bubble to it. This is the difficult part of the trick. You must use the glycerin and soap solution that gives tough and long-lived bubbles, and you must wet the cardboard disk with the solution before you try to make the bubble adhere to it. But with care and patience you can succeed, and the six hanging bubbles, which should be nearly equal in size, have a very pretty effect, which becomes still prettier when you turn the wheel by means of the little crank.

College Items

HERE AND THERE

Secretary Gamble was in Richmond several days last week conducting the music during a revival led by Evangelist Smith, of St. Louis, at the First Presbyterian Church.

The Model Schools have a fine insect cabinet, a gift of Mr. Charles King, formerly Instructor in Carpentry and Drawing.

Superintendent Edwards has had letters from Elmer Randall, Henry Brown, Blain Isaacs, and Henry Ingram, students of last year, all expressing their intention of being in school next term.

Mr. W. E. Frost and wife, of New York City, have spent a week with President and Mrs. Frost, and departed Thursday for an extended tour through the South. Mr. Frost is Secretary of the company that publishes the Engineering News, and is a distant relative of President Frost.

Mr. Norman S. Patton, Architect, of Chicago, was in Berea Wednesday to give advice in reference to the plaster to be used in finishing the new chapel. He found the sand used by the College to be of a good quality, and the mortar to be unusually hard and satisfactory. He regards well made sand and lime plaster as superior to any of the new patent kinds.

Word has been received that Mr. Wm. Rix, one of last year's students and well known for his connection with the Citizen, will be married Friday, September 29, to Miss Alta Hough, who was last year book-keeper and stenographer in the Treasurer's office. They will leave for Canada about October 1.

Berea Teachers' Club

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS FOR PUBLICATION TO C. D. LEWIS, BEREA, KY.

The School Teacher's Creed.

The Berea Teachers' Club members can do nothing better during the coming week than to study Edwin Osgood Grover's Teacher's Creed.

Read it sentence by sentence, word by word, and see if you really believe in it. If you do not, you should think over it until you do. Then act upon your belief. This creed in the heart of every teacher would mean a great blessing to the school. Here it is:

I believe in boys and girls, the men and women of a great tomorrow; that whatsoever the boy soweth the man shall reap. I believe in the curse of ignorance, in the efficacy of schools, in the dignity of teaching and in the joy of serving others. I believe in wisdom as revealed in human lives as well as in the pages of a printed book, in lessons taught, not so much by precept as by example, in ability to work with the hands as well as to think with the head, in everything that makes life large and lovely. I believe in beauty in the school-room, in the home, in daily life in and out of doors. I believe in laughter, in love, in faith, in all ideals and distant hopes that lure us on. I believe that every hour of every day we receive a just reward for all we are and all we do. I believe in the present and its opportunities, in the future and its promises and in the divine joy of living. Amen.

EDWIN OSGOOD GROVER.

Throat Coughs

A tickling in the throat; hoarseness at times; a deep breath irritates it;—these are features of a throat cough. They're very deceptive and a cough mixture won't cure them. You want something that will heal the inflamed membranes, enrich the blood and tone up the system.

Scott's Emulsion

is just such a remedy. It has wonderful healing and nourishing power. Removes the cause of the cough and the whole system is given new strength and vigor.

Send for free sample

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street, New York
50c. and \$1.00. All druggists

Kentucky State News Items

FLETCHER AND LYON TRIAL.

Troops Ordered To Russellville For Their Protection.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 27.—Gov. Beckham ordered that two companies of infantry and a detachment of battery of state guard proceed to Russellville to protect W. R. Fletcher and Guy Lyon during trial there for criminal assault. The Hopkinsville and Bowling Green companies of infantry and Frankfort battery have been designated for the duty. Troops accompanied Fletcher to Russellville in August last for trial. The jury disagreed. Both he and Lyon are in jail at Bowling Green for safe-keeping.

JOHN F. FARRIS.

The Well Known Race Horse Trainer Shot To Death.

Stanford, Ky., Sept. 27.—John F. Farris, the race horse trainer, was shot to death by R. E. Lee Sims, owner of several thoroughbred horses and for whom Mr. Farris trained a two year old. There were no witnesses to the trouble that led to the murder but the two it is said had not been friendly for several months. Farris was a widower about 50 years old and a confederate soldier.

ACCIDENT ON A RACE TRACK.

Two Horses Killed and Jockey Garis Badly Injured.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 27.—Brancas, at 8 to 5 won the Old Inn handicap, the feature at Churchill Downs. Haviland, an equal favorite, was never prominent. Mr. Rose, Prince Real and Golden Link fell in the steeplechase and Prince Real and Mr. Rose were killed, each animal having sustained a broken leg. Jockey Garis was badly hurt.

Wife's Fourth Attempt.

Owensboro, Ky., Sept. 27.—For the fourth time, Sarah P. McDaniel has sued her husband, Rufus P. McDaniel, for divorce. On the three previous occasions the couple reached an agreement just as the divorce was about to be granted and the cases were allowed to die for want of prosecution.

A Fatal Fall.

New Castle, Ky., Sept. 27.—Miss Lizzie McGinnis, of this place, was buried, having died from the effects of falling down two steps at the door of her room a few days ago. Her brother, Dr. I. W. McGinnis, the only male member of the family, is at the exposition at Portland, Ore.

Judgment Against L. & N. Ordered.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 27.—At a session of the state fiscal court, Judge R. L. Stout ordered judgment entered in favor of the commonwealth against the L. & N. Railroad Co. for sums aggregating \$12,200, claimed by the state to be due as penalty and interest on franchise taxes.

The Alfa-a Train.

Covington, Ky., Sept. 27.—Hubert Vreeland, commissioner of agriculture of Kentucky, and party, arrived in Covington over the L. & N. on the Kentucky corn and alfalfa special train. The party was in charge of Mr. Vreeland, and left Louisville Monday morning.

Brakeman Hurlled To Death.

Ludlow, Ky., Sept. 27.—The snapping of a brake wheel on a car caused the death of Lafayette Haines, 28, a brakeman on the Southern road. Haines was on top of a train while crossing a bridge. He lost his balance and fell between the cars.

Kentuckian Dies in Colorado.

Paintsville, Ky., Sept. 27.—A message has reached here of the death of Thomas S. Kirk in Colorado, where he went several weeks ago, in search of health. The cause of his death was diabetes, with which he had been afflicted for about a year.

The "Wets" Won.

Henderson, Ky., Sept. 27.—The local option election for the Fifth magisterial district of this city passed off quietly, the result being "wet" 830, "dry" 396. About two-thirds of the usual vote was polled. The district includes part of the city.

Edgar Thatcher Paralyzed.

Newport, Ky., Sept. 27.—Edgar Thatcher, ex-deputy circuit court clerk of Campbell county, was seized with an attack of paralysis at his home in Alexandria, Ky., and was rendered speechless for a time. The attack is a light one.

Humes in Bankruptcy.

Richmond, Ky., Sept. 27.—Edward B. Hume, formerly president of the Hume Cooperage Co. and W. S. Hume & Co., filed a petition in bankruptcy here Tuesday. Liabilities \$129,283.27; assets, \$7,291.

Involuntary Bankruptcy.

Covington, Ky., Sept. 27.—During the last six months 24 petitions in bankruptcy were filed in the United States district court at the Covington office, and of these 13 were involuntary.

On Crane Creek.

London, Ky., Sept. 27.—Daniel Woods was shot twice by William Setzer on Crane creek, in Clay county. He is thought to be fatally wounded. Officers have gone to arrest Setzer.

W. C. T. U. Convention.
London, Ky., Sept. 27.—The state convention of the W. C. T. U. will be held from September 29 to October 3 at the M. E. church, south.

SAVE THIS & WAIT

\$20,000 Worth of High-Grade, Dependable Merchandise, Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Ready-to-Wear Clothing for Men, Women and Children, Hardware, Jewelry, Groceries and Chinaware, to be sold in ten days at **LESS THAN ACTUAL COST**

Mighty Purchase of Dependable Merchandise

This Entire Stock of BICKNELL & EARLY'S Dependable Merchandise to be sold in Ten Days Under the Management of The New York & St. Louis Consolidated Salvage Company

—AT 27 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

WAIT Until Wednesday October 4, 9 a. m. A sale without counterpart or parallel. A stupendous landslide of Merchandise, Dry Goods, Shoes, Notions and Hardware. Every necessity of life for ten furious selling days at Bicknell & Early's, Berea, Ky.—Wednesday, Oct. 4, Thursday, Oct. 5, Friday, Oct. 6, Saturday, Oct. 7, Monday, Oct. 9, Tuesday, Oct. 10, Wednesday, Oct. 11, Thursday, Oct. 12, Friday, Oct. 13, Saturday, Oct. 14. These are the days. Remember, no postponement. This Stupendous and Magnificent

Bargain Feast Positively Begins Wednesday, October 4, at 9 A. M. BICKNELL & EARLY, Berea, Ky.

The best values on earth stare you in the face. The only question is, can you, dare you, in justice to yourself overlook a chance like this to save two-thirds the price you will be obliged to pay the regular dealer in high-grade merchandise of the world's standard qualities for men, women and children. Use good common sense with which nature has endowed you. Come and see with your own eyes and be convinced. Never again will you have such a golden opportunity to dress in such rich raiment at such trifling cost. The opening day will be a gala day. Bring the children. It will pay you to come 100 miles to visit this sale. We shall put forth such offerings that no matter what the weather conditions may be, you must and you will be here to get your share. When you take into consideration that this sale is of still more importance to the people than any ever held in Berea, Ky., and also the largest sale, it will convey to you some idea of the marvelous bargains that we offer to the people, October 4, at Berea, Ky. The prices we quote below are only a few of the many thousands of bargains but will give an idea of the many values that await your coming. Remember no postponement. This sensational sale positively closes in ten days. All goods herein priced can be brought back at any time during this sale and exchanged, or your money refunded for the asking.

LOOK FOR THE BIG RED CANVAS FRONT

Wash Fabrics

Words lack force to express the importance of these clearance prices.

Miles and miles of Dress Prints, in Silver Greys, Blacks, Lights, Indigo Blues and Reds; in this Stupendous Sale.....4c
Colored Lawns and Batiste, in white and colored grounds, values up to 10c, clearance price.....4c
Silk finished Foulards, Embroidered Voiles and Flaked Suitings—positively worth 25c yard; sale price, per yard.....14c
Linen Etamines, Voiles, French Organdies, Brilliantines, Mohairs and Irish Batistes—all new and desirable—values up to 50c; sale price.....23c
30-inch India Linens; sale price.....43c
30-inch India Linens, worth 15c, sale price.....7c
Checked Dimities, value up to 25c, price 14c
Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth the world over 10c each; during this sale 4c
Hooks and Eyes, black and white, worth 5c a card, during this sale.....1c
Blankets, 49c a pair and up.
Comforts, 97c and up.
Matting, worth 20c, during this sale.....11c

Men's and Ladies' Hose

Ladies Black and Tan Lace and Plain Hose, worth 20c a pair; during this Sale.....5c
Ladies' fast black seamless Hose, regular price 15c, now.....7c
A fine Maco Cotton, fast black Hose, regular price 25c, now.....14c
Ladies' beautiful, fine, plain and lace styles, black Hose, worth 35c, now.....19c
Children's fast black ribbed Hose, regular price 15c, now.....7c
Children's fast black fine ribbed Hose, regular price 20c, at.....12c

Handkerchiefs

25 dozen Children's Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, choice, each.....3c
25 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price.....4c
25 dozen Men's bordered and hemstitched Handkerchiefs, sale price.....4c
25 dozen Men's Handkerchiefs, same as above, only finer.....8c
200 extra fine grade white and colored bordered Men's Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, on sale specially at.....6c

Below we quote a few of the many Bargains to be had.

Pins, paper for.....1c
Embroideries, yard.....3c
Wire Hat Pins, per package.....1c
8c seller Unbleached Muslin, per yard.....4c
Best quality Calico, all colors, per yard.....4c
Yard-wide light Percales, per yard.....7c
Plaid Scotch Dress Ginghams, per yard.....4c
Braid Dress Trimming.....3c
Extra quality Ladies' Black Hose, per pair.....8c
Safety Pins, per card.....1c
Hooks and Eyes, per card.....1c
Men's Guyot Style Suspenders, worth 35c, during this Gigantic Sale, per pair.....12c

Ladies' Ready to Wear Skirts and Waists

Ladies' new fall Waists, made of fine India Linen, white ground, with neat polka dots, 75 cent values, sale price.....48c
Ladies' Voile and Mercerized Waists, champagne ground, with polka dots and embroidered Figures, in different colors.....89c

Ladies' White Lawn Waists, trimmed in lace and embroidery, new style sleeves, 85 cent values, sale price only.....59c
\$1.25 values, sale price only.....89c
\$1.50 values, sale price only.....1.24
Ladies' Walking Skirts, black and colors, strictly all wool.....\$2.48
Miles and miles of extra quality 8c seller unbleached Muslin during this gigantic sale, per yard.....43c

Men's and Boys' Furnishings

500 Men's Shirts, with collars on and collars off, worth up to 75c, all put in one lot at your choice at.....19c
Men's Egyptian Balbriggan Underwear, worth 35c, sale price.....19c
A hundred dozen men's Balbriggan Underwear and men's ribbed Shirts and Drawers, in many shades. All are finished in the best possible manner. All sizes regular 75c value, during this sale, your choice.....39c
Hundreds of dozens high grade Underwear, all will be placed on sale for ten days at same proportionate prices.
Men's Linen and Rubber Collars.....8c
Men's Suspenders, worth 25c, only.....9c
Men's Suspenders, worth 35c, only.....18c
Men's Suspenders, worth 75c, only.....39c
Men's Socks, worth 15c, only.....7c
Men's Socks, worth 10c, only.....4c
Men's Socks, worth 25c, only.....11c
Men's Socks, worth 35c, only.....19c
Men's Shirts, worth \$1.00, only.....39c
Men's Fancy Shirts, regular price 75c, only 33c
Men's Fancy and Dress Shirts, worth \$1.25, only.....78c
Men's Fancy and Dress Shirts, worth \$1.50, only.....88c
Woolen Overshirts, worth \$2.00, only.....98c
Men's Overalls, the kind that never rip, worth 75c, gigantic sale price.....41c
Boys' Overalls, worth 35c, gigantic sale price.....22c
Hats 99c and up.
About 300 Umbrellas from 49c up.

Men's Suits

Sweeping bargains in Men's Suits. All goat about one-half their regular value. This will secure for you choice of many patterns in good durable suits made up of good and strong fabrics of merit and fashion.
A fine suit of clothes, all to match. This suit is positively worth \$8.00 or your money back any time during this sale.....\$3.99
A fine suit of clothes, all to match. This suit is positively worth \$12.00 or your money back any time during this sale.....\$6.99
Men's splendid suits in velour finished cassimere, all sizes. These suits are positively worth \$15.00 or your money back during this sale.....\$9.98

Boys' Knee Pants

50 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, worth up to \$1.00, sale price.....19c
50 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, regular price 75c, sale price.....39c
A consolidation of several lines of Boys' Pants, value 75c and \$1.00, consolidation price only, pair.....49c
100 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, worth up to 75c, now.....19c
50 pairs Boys' Knee Pants, worth up to \$1.00, now.....29c

Men's Pants

Men's latest style Cashmere and Fancy Worsted Pants, all shades and sizes, regular price, \$2.00, all go in this sale at.....98c
Fine fancy and plain Worsted Pants, that sold for \$3.50 and \$4.00, sale price.....\$1.28
Men's Pants of Cashmere, in desirable patterns, regular price \$1.75, at.....69c
100 pairs Men's Pants, worth up to \$3.75, now.....\$1.49
100 pairs Men's Pants, worth up to \$5.00, now.....\$1.98
Men's fine gray Hose, worth 12½c pair; during this gigantic sale.....4c pair
Boys' good 15c Suspenders, the kind that don't burst, this gigantic sale.....4c pair

Specials in Groceries

Arbuckle's Coffee, during this sale.....13c
Sardines, American, per can, gigantic sale price.....4c
Salt, very fine table salt, worth 5c sack, during this stupendous sale.....3c
Brooms, an extra good three-string parlor broom, worth 25c, gigantic sale price.....19c
Celluloid Starch, 1 pound box, gigantic sale price.....4c
Sweet Pickles, worth 15c a bottle, gigantic sale price.....7c
Jelly, all kinds, now selling per glass.....4c
Olives, per bottle.....7c
Spurlock's Bluing, during this mighty sale per box.....4c
Pillar Rock Salmon, during this sale, 1 can 9c
Arm & Hammer brand Soda ½ pound box, during this colossal sale.....4c
Lye Hominy, 1 can.....7c
Fairbank's Gold Dust, large size box.....16c
Lamp Chimneys, No. 1.....4c
Lamp Chimneys, No. 2.....7c
18 pounds Sugar at.....98c
24 pound sack Best Patent Flour.....62c
Ivory Soap, 7 bars for.....25c
Daniel Boone Soap, 7 bars for.....10c
Eagle Thistle Soda, 7 packages for.....25c
Baking Powder, big box.....15c
Mother's Oats, 3 packages for.....25c

Wagons and Buggies

Wagons, 2½ in.....\$42.49
Wagons, 3 in.....\$44.99
Wagons, 3½ in.....\$46.49
Top Buggies, \$27 and upwards.

Farm Implements

All Farm Implements 40 per cent. below regular price.

Stoves

Wood Heaters.....\$1.09 to \$3.49
Kitchen Ranges.....\$15.99 and upwards

Paints

All Mixed Paints.....89c and upwards

Shot Guns

Single and Double Barrel Shot Guns, with Ammunition at Half Price.

Tinware

Coffee Pots, 1 quart, gigantic sale price.....6c
Coffee Pots, ½ gallon, gigantic sale price.....9c
Buckets, 1 gallon, gigantic sale price.....62c
Buckets, 2 gallons, gigantic sale price.....14c
Pie Pans, large and small sizes, this sale.....3c
Dish Pans, large size, gigantic sale price.....19c
Milk Pans, gigantic sale price.....13c
Half gallon Cups, gigantic sale price.....7c
Buckets with lids, ½ gallon sizes, while they last, gigantic sale price.....9c

Excursion rates on all Railroads. Fair paid to every purchaser of \$25.00 or over. Look for the big red canvass front. Owing to the reputation we have established in Berea and surrounding territory as Merchants in High Grade Dry Goods, Shoes, Millinery and Clothing of the world's standard qualities, we will not allow exaggeration in any of our advertising, and we do hereby agree to refund the money during this Great Sensational Sale on all goods purchased if not satisfactory to the purchaser.—Bicknell & Early, Berea, Ky.

Our Guarantee Will assure each and every purchaser absolute satisfaction. We guarantee every garment, every piece and statement made. One price to all, and that means CASH. Every article in the house MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

Sale Positively Opens, Wednesday, October 4th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

BICKNELL & EARLY, BEREA, KY.

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Agents wanted in every locality. Write for terms. Anyone sending us four yearly subscriptions will receive THE CITIZEN free for one year.

Art of the Baker.
The widest success goes with the attempt of the New York State Association of Bakers to spread and exalt the science and art of good baking! There is no finer art than that of the baker, declares the Mail of that city. Baking is the noblest process connected with food—nobler, we hasten to remark, than eating; for whereas there is much gluttony, self-indulgence and general unseemliness associated with eating, there is nothing but poetry and high art connected with baking. Did it ever occur to the reader that while the odors associated with boiling and frying are often disagreeable, those connected with baking are almost always delightful? Put your dough into fat and fry it, and your nostrils are instantly affronted. Put it into the oven and bake it, and the perfumes of Araby ascend. The aroma itself is a fit offering to the gods. There is certainly something a little occult in this circumstance; and bakers, we are sure, are a reverent people as a rule. They follow ancient usage in their work. The various forms of the bread loaf date back to ancient Greece, when they had a distinctly religious significance. Greece itself probably derived them from Egypt; and Egypt claimed that they were subjects of revelation. Yet the art of baking has in this age, while retaining its hold upon antique lore, linked itself with physical science. Bread is now cooked in accordance with the laws of chemistry. We notice that some of our local bakers are endeavoring to bring it a step still further forward in this direction, and to abolish hand kneading for sanitary reasons. Yet while it may be more "sanitary" to knead bread by machinery than by the hand of men, we doubt if the change will conduce to the palatability of the loaf. There must be the same difference between the hand-kneaded bread and machine-kneaded bread that there is between other hand and machine products. We prefer the bread kneaded by the white hands of good women, or good male bakers in whom we have full personal confidence. "Weal pie," said Sam Weller, "is werry good, especially when you know the ladies as made it." The same may be said with regard to bread. Machine-kneaded bread may be preferable to bread concerning the preparation of which there is a suspicion. But the perfect, the ineffable bread will continue to be that over whose creation and whose baking a worthy guiding spirit has presided.

Not All Bad.
Too often officials are judged from the standpoint of their political affiliation by those men and newspapers so narrow they refuse to recognize any good exists in a person of other political belief than their own. No greater injustice can be done an official, justly declares the South Bend (Ind.) Tribune. There are as good men in one party as in another, and the officials of one party may be as competent as those of another, if the best men are placed in office. The standard of judgment should not be political faith, but intent and accomplishment, honesty and efficiency. Many an official has good intentions, but fails to accomplish, and many are honest, but not efficient. Officials, then, to measure to the real standard, must have right intentions and the power and ability to accomplish, and they must be honest and efficient. The election of those who cannot meet this standard is a mistake.
"The Americans," says an Austrian writer, "seem bound to ape all the follies of the old world. Threatened by no enemies, they expend more on army and navy than any European nation, and fill the world with defiant war cries." We also cut something of a figure in the arbitrament of war.
A Boston paper suggests that a hammock is a good place from which to view an eclipse. Many a young person has indulged in stargazing from a hammock.
It is estimated that if Ambassador Whitelaw Reid shall keep up the social pace he has set in England his term as American representative there will cost him \$500,000. He is laying plans for a social and diplomatic campaign such as none of his predecessors thought of undertaking.

RAPID EDITORIAL WRITING.
Texas Scribe Who Was Somewhat of an Expert at Hustling Out the Copy.
A certain editorial writer on the staff of a Texas newspaper was inclined to dilatoriness during certain periods of conviviality, and caused thereby much concern in the breast of the foreman of the composing room just prior to the moment when the forms must go to press. But the writer was a part owner of the paper, says the New York Times, and could not well be discharged, since he occupied the position of managing editor. Many times the editorials were late and the paper delayed in going to press, but the delinquent writer always made good after a fashion. Finally he hit upon a scheme when he was called upon at the last moment for "copy" that may, in all justice to expediency, be called the art of genius.
The hour was very late and no leading editorial had gone to the composing room. In frantic haste the foreman sent for the editorial writer, and only after half an hour was he located—in a nearby saloon and much the worse for his dalliance there. He grasped the intelligence that he had forgotten his leading column, and made his way as fast as he could to his office. Snatching a piece of copy paper in one hand, he caught up a copy of the New York Times with the other, and from it clipped a leading editorial, which he pasted on the paper. Then he wrote:
"We cannot agree with the New York Times when it says:"
The editorial of the Times was copied, the Texas paper went to press, and the editor back to the saloon.

LOW-KEYED AMERICANS.
Our Abhorrence of Color in Dress Is a Great Puzzle to Other Nations.
Of many perplexing characteristics of the American civilian, not the strangest is his abhorrence of color in his dress. His raiment suggests dreary, leaden skies, wild-grown swamp land and smoke-choked lake harbors. Let one appear upon the street with a chameleon tie or a cinnamon-dyed waistcoat and the police consider it just to "run him in" for blocking traffic, says the Cleveland Leader.
No man on earth is more fanciful, imaginative and inherently poetical than the American. Yet it is one of his stock jokes to point to the Englishman, who, though so matter-of-fact and commonplace of mind, drapes himself in broad, vivid checks. The Frenchman considers it no offense to wear long, chisel-shaped pink shoes and cravats like the pennant of yacht club. The Russian and Lapland emigrants offset a bearing of hapless melancholy and confusion with brave red boots and prismatic mufflers. Even the Scot, dwelling in a land of fog and rain, rounds off a sweep of scarlet beard with a bonnet running the gamut of the spectrum.
That the American has really in his heart an ambition for color is apparent in the uniform he assumes upon occasions of secret society meetings, the encampments of militia, and in his good nature over the bills of his women folk. When proper excuse is given him he can riot in chromatics that would dull the following of the lord of an Indian principality.

THE WOOD PULP SUPPLY.
Manufacturers of That Substance Are Now Using Scrub Pine with Considerable Success.
The Virginia pine, commonly known as scrub pine, is no longer regarded as worthless except for cordwood. Within the last four years the manufacturers of wood pulp have tried the wood with success and several mills, in Pennsylvania especially, are using it in considerable quantities for this purpose. One Pennsylvania mill consumes in this way 20,000 cords a year.
The scrub pine, whose range is chiefly in Tennessee, North Carolina, Kentucky, Maryland and Virginia, is found in large quantities on old fields, in the last two states in particular, where it has reproduced itself, unheeded, since the civil war. It has recently been found in commercial quantities also in central Pennsylvania. Since it is a tree which thrives on even the poorest soil and reproduces itself with great ease, its entrance into commercial importance will offer a very interesting problem in forest management and one which promises quite unexpected results.
The forest service is engaged upon a study of the scrub pine, which will seek to develop the possibilities of the tree from a commercial standpoint.
Last of the Catawbas.
Robert Lee Harris, chief of the Catawba tribe of Indians, which has a tiny reservation embracing only one square mile near Rock Hill, S. C., on which are 80 members of the tribe, lately visited Raleigh, N. C., seeking in the state library for all information possible about the Catawbas. These Indians were, even after 1700, a powerful tribe, and touched the Cherokees, who were in the North Carolina mountains and in the foothills. Chief Harris says that there are only 150 Catawbas in the United States, while in 1700 the tribe could muster several thousand warriors. He is anxious to have the tribe put under federal care and educated by the government.
Lo Becoming Civilized.
The Indian is assuredly acquiring civilization. Forty years ago the Sioux were the scourge of the northwest. The other day the greater part of the tribe assembled to honor Missionary Bishop Hare on the occasion of his retirement. And that terrible old Apache, Geronimo, a communicant in the Reformed church.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Advantage of Manual Training in the Grades

By L. D. HARVEY,
Superintendent of Schools, Menomonie, Wis.

MANUAL training as a form of educational efforts involves such a systematic training of the hand in constructive work through the use of tools and manipulation of material as is adapted to the proper development of the motor activities of the hand initiated, guided and controlled by mental activities essential for the proper development of the mind.
Over 90 per cent. of the pupils in the grades, after leaving school, earn their living with their hands.
Manual training is justified on the ground that it gives the individual trained, increased power to earn a livelihood through the use of his hands. Justified further because systematic training of the hand demands systematic mental activity, resulting in mental training in dealing with things and processes which is not secured in schools where manual training is not given. Mental power is the result of organized thinking. The mere memorizing of what others have done is not organized thinking. Organized thinking comes whenever the individual sets himself a definite task and then determines and applies the ways and means necessary for the accomplishment of that task.
Manual training calls for just this organized thinking needed for the practical purposes in life. It is a mental activity out of which grows skill in doing and skill in doing as a result of intelligent thinking should be one of the chief purposes of education.
The course in manual training in the grades should have a content of its own, wrought out and determined by the capacities and needs of the individuals to be trained. It should not be given as the fag end of other subjects in the course, and not chiefly for the purpose of illustrating or enlarging the work in those other subjects.
Artistic design should go hand-in-hand with manual training.
Weaknesses complained of in elementary schools are not due to the time devoted to manual training for these weaknesses are as likely to appear in schools when no manual training is given as in those schools where it forms a part of the course. Manual training is needed in all grades to give opportunity for physical activity, for a change in forms of mental activity and relief from other tension of book study.

Japanese Christianity Will Be Ideal

By MR. T. KUMA,
Japanese Scholar in America.

Christianity in Japan when it becomes national will be an ideal one. It will be quite different from Christianity as it exists in the west today. Christianity in Russia and that in America are more distant from each other than Buddhism is from Christianity in Japan at present. Religion is controlled by something stronger than itself.
We were all human beings long before we ever became white or yellow people. And we were white and yellow a long time before we became Christians or Buddhists. Now the more fundamental things in human life exert modifying influences upon the less fundamental, or these which developed later in the long career of mankind.
Thus the religion taught by the same Christ, after being subjected to this modifying influence of Latin, Teutonic and Slavic peoples with distinct racial characteristics, has undergone a great differentiation.
Japan, with the rest of the yellow peoples in Asia, has racial traits, culture and traditions that are quite distinct from those of the white people. This difference is much greater than any between several races in Europe. Christianity in Japan, therefore, when it becomes universal there, will be widely different from that which is found in the west today.
But why do I call it an ideal Christianity, that Japan will have?
Christ meant his religion to be universal. It has to be preached to and accepted by all nations. The Christianity in the west does not permit this. It is too exclusive, too narrow. The Christians in Europe and America do not understand the eastern people. They refuse to know them. You can not teach unless you know your pupil well. Japanese know the west as well as the east. They approach everybody with sympathy and respect.
This is what makes them peculiarly fit to be the real teachers of a universal religion. That universal religion must be Christianity, and when fully developed Christianity in Japan will be broad and inclusive. It will be truly the Christ religion. It will satisfy equally well the eastern as well as the western peoples.

Fighting the School Desk

By LUTHER HALSEY GULICK,
Director of Physical Training, New York Public Schools.

I recently visited public school 3, Brooklyn, and with the principal walked rapidly through almost every primary classroom in the building. My presence had not been announced to the teachers so far as I know. The object of the visitation was to observe the carriage of the pupils at the desk, and the way in which they walked and stood. I also saw the pupils come in and out of the assembly. I have seen many schools in which great attention was paid to posture. My visit to this school was unique, because I failed to observe a single child sitting or standing in a distinctly bad position. I did not observe a single child reading with the book flat on the desk and the head bowed over it. The books were held up, the necks were straight, the carriage of the bodies was erect and manly, distinctly military in its character. The carriage of the girls was graceful and gracious. This shows that the physical effects of the school desk, can be successfully fought, even under the trying conditions of large city schools, without further teaching of physical training than that which can be given by the regular grade teachers, and even without an adequate gymnasium.
Mere physical exercise will not secure good carriage. Constant and intelligent watchfulness, plus physical exercise, will alone accomplish the result. School gymnastics must be aimed at this one thing—the school desk.
In fighting the school desk two things are to be kept in mind: the sitting still, and the tendency to bad position. The other general results in physical training ought to be largely secured through plays and games.

BIRDS CHANCE FASHIONS.

Feathers Get Out of Date and Have to Be Renewed Every Year to Keep in Condition.

We get a new suit—some of us—because our old one wears out. That is the most apparent cause for the new annual suit of the birds. Yet with them, as with some of the favored of us humans, the feathers go out of fashion, says the country calendar. But the annual molt is, first of all, nature's wise provision for the safety and life of the bird. Feathers are not only covering, but also means of locomotion, and hence the bird's only means of life. A year of use leaves many of them worn and broken, some of them, through accident, entirely lost.
Here in my woods is a crow with three of the quills in his right wing gone. He has been shot at, and nature must replace those feathers if that crow is to survive, even though he comes justly (human standards!) by his loss from stealing corn. The feathers of this crow and of all birds must last for two years or longer, but to keep the race at its best nature has found it necessary to provide a new plumage at least once a year.
But there are other reasons, at least there are advantages taken of the molt for other ends, such as the adaptation of the feathers to the varying temperatures of the season—heavier in winter and lighter in summer; also the adaptation of the color of the plumage to the changing colors of the environment, as the change from the dark summer color of the ptarmigan to its snow-white winter plumage to match the snows of its far-northern home. Then, and perhaps most interesting of all, is the advantage taken of the molt for the adorning of the bird for the mating season. Indeed, nature goes so far in some cases as to cause a special molt to meet the exigencies of the wedding, as if fine feathers do make a fine bird. All this to meet the fancy of the bride! So, at least, the scientists tell us.

MANY NEW STORES OPENED

Big Crops and Good Times in the West Cause Business Enterprises to Start Up.

In the small towns new stores are being opened everywhere. For several years improvements have been chiefly confined to residences and repairs to buildings. Empty houses were filled and unoccupied stores began to have tenants. Now there is scarcely an empty store building and many new structures are seen in almost every village. Some little towns in the wheat belt have added a dozen storerooms to their capacity this year. That means a great deal of additional trade and is the best index of the effect of generous returns from the fields.
In the furnishing of their homes the farmers are also making great strides. Common furniture of the varnished oak variety is not good enough for the average farmhouse these days. The plush parlor suit is a drug on the market. Going into a farmhouse 200 miles west of Kansas City the other day a visitor found it fitted out in mission furniture, with Flemish oak bookcases, and Remington pictures on the wall. It was typical of the tendency toward better taste in adornment. This indicates a new era in business, for it calls for a higher standard of supply in the wholesale market.
The wheat craze is causing more land than ever to be put into that crop and the effect is to enhance the sales of implements thereof. Twenty steam plows were shipped a few days ago to one Kansas county. The tendency toward the use of expensive implements is manifest all over the west and merchants are kept busy supplying the demand. Usually at this date the wholesale houses are filling a few orders and waiting for others to come in; now the trade is attracting attention, because of the way it has already opened up.

Mexico's Industrial Future.
The prophets foresee in Mexico a manufacturing country of the first rank. This because of abundant hydro-electric power, cheap and unorganized labor, stability of climate, and geographical situation. To these are added the recent discoveries of mineral oil or petroleum, and the development of the coal fields in the northwestern sections, which will supply the required fuel. The amount of power in use in Mexico is estimated at 66,008 indicated horse power, 32,147 indicated horse power water, 17,828 indicated horse power electric, all of which are probably below existing figures. In developing the last Mexico is making marvelous strides, and there are power plants now in existence or in the course of construction which will rank second only to those of Niagara.

Queer Fishing.
In the Bermuda Islands some of the gorgeous tropical fishes found in the clear waters of that group are caught for aquariums by the use of a long-handled dipnet equipped with a percussion cap. This cap is exploded by means of an electric storage battery carried by the fisherman, if that name applies, who seeks out and stuns the finny beauties, when the fishes nose the cap about in their curiosity.

Peary's Training.
That Commander Peary is well able to endure the hardships of the north pole climate is explained by a citizen of Maine who says that when Peary was a young man it was a common thing for him to take "a camping outfit of a blanket and a lunch and start for the Maine mountains, where he would pass days exploring ravines, ledges and the deep secluded spots, never building a camp, but simply rolling himself in his blanket, would sleep to the open."

TEMPERANCE

DRAGGED DOWN TO RUIN.



ALCOHOL MUST GO.

Growth of the Sentiment Against It as an Enemy to Progress and Civilization.

In the legislatures of 36 of the 45 states of the union there have been presented this winter from one to five prohibitive and restrictive bills to become laws relating to the use of alcohol. Never before, says the Journal of Inebriety, have the lawmakers of the country been confronted with so many different measures directed to stop or control the use of alcohol. This is evidently the beginning of public recognition of the dangers which come from its indiscriminate use in all parts of the country. A feeling of alarm is growing up among the common people and extending to church and state at the dominance of the delusional theories concerning alcohol. Silently and surely this is spreading through all circles of society, and the more alcohol is studied in the laboratory and sociologically the stronger the evidence appears against it as an evil to progress and civilization. In a recent article on this subject in the School Physiological Journal, Mrs. M. E. Hunt, the editor, makes the prediction that the child is born who will see the last legalized saloon, brewery and distillery disappear from the land. She asserts "that the time came when slavery had to go. Its time was up on the calendar of the centuries, and although it was abolished in the storm of war it could not go on any farther." Another similar period is coming on. The slavery from alcohol and the bondage and losses which its delusions produce must disappear in obedience to the moral sense of public opinion, which is now beginning to assert itself. The teaching of the dangers of alcohol in the public schools is beginning to be felt, and, notwithstanding opposition, will grow more and more every year. Wherever the subject is known the evils and physical causes will indicate the means of relief, which cannot be stopped, but can only be guided and directed. Alcohol as a beverage with all the places for its manufacture and sale is doomed, and this fact is more than ever apparent. Every physician owes it to himself, to his family, and the community he lives in to take up this problem and become the teacher and director of a movement that is to occupy a very large place in the near future.

The Delusion of Drink.
The following is a very sensible editorial in Journal of the American Medical Association: "As a people we are slow to learn certain facts. The recent murder in cold blood of a helpless and innocent wife and mother by a maniacal husband whose insanity was of that type which regularly occurs in the alcoholic, reminds us that these frightful tragedies recur with distressing frequency. The relatives of those who abuse alcoholic beverages ought to be taught the danger signals. Whenever a drinking man begins, without cause, to suspect the virtue of his wife and the honor of his friends it is time to confine him where he can do no harm, at least until the poison is out of his brain. Failure to do this is to invite murder in its most revolting forms. All this is well known to the members of the medical profession, but the physician is seldom asked for advice in such cases, and if he were his counsel would only rarely be followed. No man in the community is more dangerous to his family and to the public than the heavy drinker when he reaches the stage of alcoholic delusion that is marked by unfounded suspicions as to the conduct of those whom he naturally and in fact should most trust. When a man begins to harbor such delusions it is the instant duty of his friends to put him where he can do no harm and can get no more liquor."

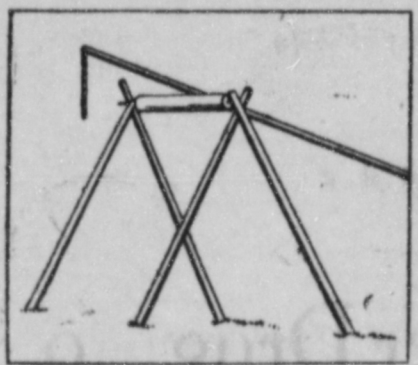
Rum Advertising in Johannesburg.
There is at least one part of the world where gambling and liquor advertisements are illegal, and the example set by the municipal authorities at Johannesburg might with decided advantage be followed elsewhere. By an ordinance made recently, the insertion of such advertisements entails the substantial penalty of \$125, or two months' imprisonment, and only very recently offenders, who had thought that the authorities were content to treat the law as a dead letter, received a rude awakening in the shape of an announcement that the police would take prompt action if such advertisements were continued. Obviously the Johannesburg people are fully alive to the evil wrought by the bookmaker and his ally.—National Advocate.
A Government Evil.
The most determined evil which afflicts the clerical force and the officers of the government is the habit of using intoxicating liquors.—Hon. L. M. Morrill, in United States senate.



A HANDY PIG ELEVATOR.

Inexpensive Contrivance Which Will Make Easy Work of Handling the Butchered Hogs.

The handling of butchered pigs is not always the easiest or most agreeable task. Many difficulties, however, may be overcome by the adoption of the simple and inexpensive contrivance shown. It is made of a round piece of wood, five or six inches in diameter, and 18 or 20 inches long, says a writer in the Queenslander. Bore a three-fourths inch hole in each end five or six inches



THE PIG ELEVATOR.

deep, and put in iron pins so as to permit of their extension from the ends of the wood by six or eight inches. These pins are for the legs to slip on. The legs are ten feet long, and are secured in position by slots and pins. Then there is a lever about 18 or 20 feet long. This rests on the roller or crossbar, and is held in place by a one-half inch iron pin. At the upper end of the lever is attached a chain and hook, by means of which the pig is raised.

SHELTER FOR LIVE STOCK.

Loss to the Stockman Is Sure to Follow Failure to Provide for the Comfort of His Animals.

The severe weather during the month of January and greater part of February of the present year had its lesson in many parts of the country, especially in the writer's locality. Many head of cattle and hogs perished from want of food and shelter. Yet I fear too many will not heed the lesson, and go on in the same careless ways as before, until another such season overtakes them.

While it is true that many possess lands that are either naturally poor, or have, through bad management, become exhausted in fertility, yet often it is possible, by diversifying sufficiently to grow one good forage crop, the farmer might secure a fair supply of feed for his live stock. For instance, in my immediate locality, writes a Missouri correspondent of the Farmers' Voice, very little of a grain-and-forage crop is grown except Indian corn, although clover, sorghum, land-vetch, cowpeas and other crops succeed fairly well, while corn seldom, on most farms, produces more than 15 or 25 bushels per acre. On this they mainly depend for feed for their stock, with what their stock is enabled to pick up in pasturing their fields. Is it any wonder that when such seasons of snow and cold overtake us, many animals perish?

If the people of such localities will profit by the lesson of the past winter, will build shelter for their stock and plant clover, cowpeas and the other better grasses, and feed and care for their stock in an intelligent and humane manner, carefully saving the manure made by the stock and applying it to their fields, a transformation would take place, the country would prosper, and we could leave our children a legacy in the form of fertile farms that would be a perpetual blessing to them.

THE LIVE STOCK.

Any fool can ruin a team, but a wise driver maintains its value. Quiet and patient drivers are worth twice as much as any others.

A docile, contented animal is always a good feeder, as little of its feed is spent in nervous excitement or restless action.

Save time, wagon grease and dirty fingers, as well as prolong the life of your horses and wagons by greasing little and often.

Never strike or hurt a balker. Stuff cloth in his ear or hold up his foot and tinker with it fully three minutes. Divert his attention and do it kindly.

Wool is a product that does not take fertility from the soil, like grain growing, but actually adds to the value of the soil for grain-growing purposes.

To know how to care for sheep so as to make them grow the largest and finest fleeces and the most vigorous lambs is the important part of sheep management.

Don't Worry.

Many of us will agree with the following, written by an old friend—a farmer all his life: "If nature worried as much as man, it would have been worn out long ago. I was born and bred to worry, and have fought the misfortune as bravely as a weak mind and body could, but by times the race seems hardly even."

While fattening hogs should have all the grain they will eat up clean. No more should be given at any one time than is readily eaten.

PREPARING FOR WINTER.

Do Not Put Off Until Too Late the Work Necessary to Make the Fowls Comfortable.

September is none too soon to begin preparations for fall and winter. It should be borne in mind that "a stitch in time saves nine." While the weather is favorable to the outdoor existence of poultry is the time to repair the house in which the poultry are to spend the winter. The cracks have become larger with the swelling and shrinking of the boards, some of the panes of glass in the windows have been broken, and the doors have become partly detached from their hinges.

If any of these conditions are found, they should of course be remedied at once. Makeshifts will do through the summer when the weather is warm, but they are extremely unsafe to use during cold weather. Remember that a knot hole, through which the wind may blow on the roost, will cause more damage to them than will an open door, and that certainly would do no good. Such conditions cause drafts, colds, and finally roup appears, which will sometimes stay by the flock all winter and will generally cause sickness and deaths among the fowls. The warmer the pen or house, the more necessary it is that there be no cold drafts, for fowls that are used to and kept in a warm temperature catch cold more easily than fowls that are kept in a rather low temperature.

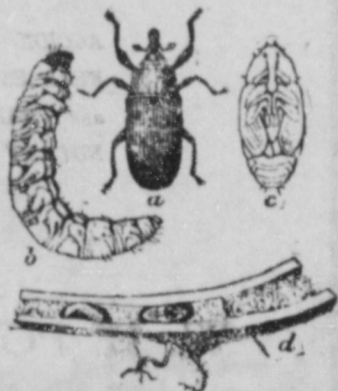
Earth floors that have become saturated with the droppings of the fowls should be removed to a depth of five or six inches and replaced with fine, dry, clean soil, and see that the floor is some six inches higher than the outside ground.

Probably every farmer who builds a poultry house makes it of a certain size, with the resolve that only a limited number of fowls shall occupy it, but as the size of the flock increases, the space seems to contract, until soon the birds are so crowded as to render a new house necessary, or a number of them must be disposed of. Ten hens in a house that gives them plenty of room, says the Country Gentleman, will lay more eggs than 29 that are crowded; hence one not only gets fewer eggs when there are too many hens together, but the cost of food is greater, and the amount of work increased. Trying to do too much work on a limited area has caused many failures, and the proper plan is to keep but a few hens rather than too many.

THE POTATO STALK BORER.

Small Beetle Which Causes Much Damage to the Potato Plant—How Pest May Be Fought.

The potato stalk-borer appears in localities from Maryland westward to Missouri, and perhaps farther. These small ash-gray beetles appear early in spring and puncture base of potato stem, hollowing out small cavities and laying in each one a single egg. The grubs which hatch are white, with brown heads, and burrow in stalk or



THE POTATO BEETLE.

branches from early August to September. They pupate near the stalks close to the surface of the soil, and the beetles soon emerge and hibernates in pupal cell. In the accompanying cut after Chittenden, of the United States department of agriculture, the terms are explained as follows: a, beetle; b, larva, from side; c, pupa; d, section of potato stalk, showing larva and pupa within; a, b, c, five times natural size; d, natural size.

E. S. G. Titus, in Practical Farming and Gardening, gives this advice for fighting the pest: "Rake up and destroy all vines in the fall as soon as potatoes are dug. Keep down all weeds belonging to this family—horsetail, Jimsonweed, etc. Use fertilizer to enable plants to mature crop."

Ground Bones.

Laying hens are very fond of ground bones. They help digest other food when they cannot get a sharp gravel, and with the strong digestive apparatus which fowls have, every part is made use of. The lime goes to make the shells, but if the bones have been only cooked and not burned they are full of material of which the egg itself is made. The only advantage from burning bones is to make them break up more easily. The fowls certainly do not like them as well, nor are they so good for them as when broken up without burning—Michigan Farmer.

Honey and the Teeth.

Honey does not injure the teeth as confectionery does. From a medical standpoint, it is excellent in most of the lung and throat affections, and is a good substitute for cod liver oil. Honey is laxative and sedative, and is especially valuable in cases of bladder and kidney diseases.

The future feeding qualities of a sheep are shaped to a great extent the first month of the animal's life, and unless it is started right it will never make a good animal.

DANIEL IN BELSHAZZAR

Sunday School Lesson for Oct. 1, 1905
Specially Prepared for This Paper.

LESSON TEXT.—Daniel 5:17-30. Memory Verses 23, 28.
GOLDEN TEXT.—"The face of the Lord is against them that do evil."—Psalm 34:16.
TIME.—B. C. 539. Prof. Beecher places it in June or earlier. It was in the latter period of the Exile. Compare verse 27 with Daniel 8:1.

PLACE.—Babylon on the Euphrates. SCRIPTURE REFERENCES.—Isa. 46:1-6 tells of guidance of Cyrus. Isa. 13:14; 21:1-9; 43:14-17; 46:1, 2, 9-12 tell of the overthrow of Babylon. Jer. 50 and 51 represent the destruction of Babylon.

Comment and Suggestive Thought. INTRODUCTORY.—We are now drawing near to the close of the 70 years (dating from the beginning of the captivity B. C. 606-4) for which period Jeremiah had foretold that the exile should continue (Jer. 25:12). "The exiles gradually acquired lands and houses, they lived in separate communities, and were apparently allowed to maintain to some extent the social customs and organizations of their native land (Ezek. 8:1; 14:1)."—Ottley. "Native qualities soon brought the Jews to the front in whatever land they were thrown."—Prof. E. T. Harper. Jeremiah's prophecies still pervaded the moral atmosphere. Ezekiel's voice was heard through the nation. The glorious visions and prophecies of the later chapters of Isaiah were stirring the hearts of the faithful with hope and faith and courage. We now come to the providential movements which made the return possible. A new king, and a new policy, now took possession of the empire that held the Jews captive. Cyrus, the Persian, conquered Babylon. The nominal king of Babylon at this time was Nabonidus. He was a most scholarly man rather than ruler, interested in his country's institutions, and making most valuable records on clay cylinders. There is, says Mr. Pinches, "every probability that Belshazzar, the son of Nabonidus, was the real ruler." We have learned about Belshazzar from these tablets and inscriptions lately discovered in the ruins of Babylon. Cyrus, the conqueror of Babylon, the king of Elam, Media and Persia, appears on the horizon at this time, advancing toward Babylon, in his victorious career, with his wide-extended troops, whose numbers "like the waters of a river could not be known." He entered Babylon without fighting, which agrees with both Herodotus and Daniel.

Belshazzar's Great Feast.—Belshazzar was a youth flushed with the excitement of almost uncontrolled power. Even while Cyrus was approaching with his victorious army, the young man, secure in the unrivaled strength of his city defenses, made a great feast to a thousand of the nobles, probably in E-sagila, the magnificent temple of Belus, within the walls of Babylon. It was a wonder of the world. The walls were rich with images of the Chaldeans "painted in vermilion and exceeding in dyed attire," on goodly horses, like those on the frieze of the Acropolis.—From Farrar.

V. 17. "Let thy gifts be to thyself." Keep them, do what you will with them. Daniel will speak God's truth without fear or favor, and the rich presents the king offered can have no influence whatever.

Vs. 18-22. "The most high God gave Nebuchadnezzar." The true God is shown to be over all and above all. "And thou . . . hast not humbled thine heart," etc. You have not sinned through ignorance, but have gone on in a wicked course in spite of, in defiance of, God's lessons of warning.

V. 23. "But hast lifted up thyself." Exalted thyself as if thou couldst defy and disobey with impunity the Lord of Heaven.

V. 25. "This is the writing." The words are of the Aramaic (called Chaldean in A. V.) language, with letters like the Hebrew. This language was familiar in Babylon at that time.

V. 26. "Mene" (repeated for the sake of emphasis); "God hath numbered thy kingdom and finished it." God had put a definite limit to the number of years the kingdom should last, and that number was now complete.

V. 27. "Tekel; thou art weighed in the balances," as to his moral character and actions, and been found wanting, of light weight like a counterfeit coin, or one that did not come up to the standard required. God had tested him, and he had failed.

V. 28. "Peres" (the singular of the word "Upharsin," in V. 25, the prefix "U" meaning and. It is the same as "Peres" was written twice, like "Mene," for emphasis).

V. 29. "Clothed Daniel with scarlet;" The royal purple. "Third ruler in the kingdom." Either, one of three; or, more probably, next under Belshazzar, who was the second, being under his father, Nabonidus, the king over all.

Thus the Persian conquerors found Daniel, the Jew, not in obscure retirement, but occupying the position of an active statesman, and in a position to help his exiled countrymen.

V. 30. "In that night was Belshazzar slain." Swift and sudden came the foretold doom.

Illustrative Points.

"Fools make a mock of sin," and only fools. Wise men do not play with matches in a powder-mill. Wise men do not hold a merry-making while their house is blazing. Wise men do not sleep undefended amid deadly foes. Wise men do not neglect and increase a dangerous disease.

There is a handwriting of warning and of doom on the wall for every sinner. It may be invisible for a time, like that kind of writing which is invisible till brought to the fire, or touched with chemicals, but it is written where his eye shall some time see it.

Poor Housekeeper.

"To-day the English lady is the worst housekeeper in the world. Two hundred years ago she was the best." This is the essence of a striking indictment of modern women by Mrs. Ruth Jackson in an article on house-keeping and national well-being in the nineteenth century.

Japan's Holidays.

There are only three national holidays in Japan. January 1 is one of them, and the birthday of the reigning emperor, November 3, is another. But February 11 is the greatest of the three dates, for it is the anniversary of the coronation of the first emperor, Jimmu.

Inducement to Die.

The vicar of an English health resort has issued the following notice: "To meet the convenience of visitors, arrangements have been made with the vicar of this parish for the burial of guests at greatly reduced fees. The privilege may be withdrawn if it is abused."

Real Vacation.

Harold had been in the country for two weeks, and upon his return his little sister asked if he had said his prayers every night. "Not once," he replied. "I just had a sure-enough vacation."—Chicago Daily News.

Steep Supplies.

Prices up in Nome correspond with the latitude. The Semi-Weekly News sells for 25 cents a copy or one dollar a month. It appears from advertisements that milk brings 25 cents a quart and eggs a dollar a dozen.

First in Labrador.

The first telegraphic longitude station in Labrador has been established at Chateau bay by Dr. Otto Klotz, Dominion astronomer, in conjunction with Sir William MacGregor, governor of Newfoundland.

Woman Owes Street Car Line.

Only one woman in the world owns a street car line, and she is Miss Bogue, of Denver, her line being a mile and a half in length at the terminus of the South Broadway tramway.

A Visible Proof.

"It seems as if the stouter Mrs. Hevinton grows the more of a spendthrift and becomes."

"She is certainly waistful."—Judge.

Needs Watching.

"Giddy young thing, isn't she?" "Should say so! Her mother won't let her go anywhere without at least two chaperones."—Cleveland Leader.

A Sense of Security.

"So you feel that your automobile is perfectly safe?" "Most of the time—when it is in the repair shop."—Washington Star.

In His Face.

She—He's always got a smile on a face now.

He—Well, where would you expect him to have it?—Illustrated Bits.

He Ought to Know.

Wyld—Why, you don't know what hard work is.

Mack—I don't, eh? Did you ever try to win an heiress?—Judge.

Microscopic Egg.

The smallest egg in the world is that of the tiny Mexican hummingbird. It is scarcely larger than the head of a pin.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, Sept. 23.
CATTLE—Common . . . \$2 85 @ 3 75
Heavy steers . . . 5 00 @ 5 10
CALVES—Extra . . . 7 50 @ 7 50
HOGS—Ch. packers . . . 5 50 @ 5 65
Mixed packers . . . 5 25 @ 5 50
SHEEP—Extra . . . 4 40 @ 4 50
LAMBS—Extra . . . 7 25 @ 7 25
FLOUR—Spring pat. 5 65 @ 5 90
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 86 1/2 @ 87 1/2
No. 3 red . . . 82 @ 82
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 56 1/2 @ 56 1/2
No. 2 white . . . 57 @ 57
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 29 1/2 @ 29 1/2
RYE—No. 2 . . . 66 @ 70
HAY—Ch. timothy . . . 12 75 @ 12 75
PORK—Clear mess. . . 16 00 @ 16 00
LARD—Steam . . . 8 00 @ 8 00
BUTTER—Ch. dairy. . . 15 @ 15
Choice creamery . . . 23 @ 23
APPLES—Choice . . . 2 50 @ 3 50
POTATOES—Per bbl 1 40 @ 1 40
TOBACCO—New . . . 5 00 @ 13 00
Old . . . 4 50 @ 14 75

Chicago.
FLOUR—Winter pat. 5 10 @ 5 20
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 84 1/2 @ 85 1/2
No. 3 red . . . 82 @ 87
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 52 @ 52 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2
RYE—No. 2 . . . 70 1/2 @ 70 1/2
PORK—Mess . . . 15 00 @ 15 10
LARD—Steam . . . 7 75 @ 7 75

New York.
FLOUR—Win. str's. 4 00 @ 4 25
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 83 1/2 @ 83 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 32 @ 33
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 32 @ 33
RYE—No. 2 mixed. 59 1/2 @ 59 1/2
PORK—Mess . . . 17 50 @ 18 00
LARD—Steam . . . 8 15 @ 8 15

Baltimore.
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 83 1/2 @ 83 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 52 @ 52 1/2
CATTLE—Steers . . . 4 00 @ 4 50
SHEEP—No. 1 . . . 2 50 @ 3 00

Louisville.
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 83 @ 83 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 57 @ 57
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 29 @ 29
PORK—Mess . . . 12 00 @ 12 00
LARD—Steam . . . 7 25 @ 7 25

Indianapolis.
WHEAT—No. 2 red. 80 @ 80
CORN—No. 2 mixed. 53 1/2 @ 53 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed. 24 1/2 @ 24 1/2

RICHMOND GREENHOUSES!

Phone 188.

Richmond, Ky.

CUT FLOWERS.

DESIGNS AND BLOOMING PLANTS.

THE HOUSECLEANING SEASON

Is here, and every housewife wants one or more pieces of new

FURNITURE, CARPET or MATTING.

Take a Look Through Our Stock

It will surprise you how well and how reasonably we can supply your wants.

IF IT'S FROM US, ITS GOOD.

New Florence Drop Top Ball Bearing Sewing Machines, \$25, \$30 and \$35, worth \$50, \$60 and \$65.

CRUTCHER & EVANS,

Joplin's Old Stand, Richmond, Ky., Day Phone 73; Night Phone 47-66.

Carriage Satisfaction Here.



Buggies
Phaetons
Runabouts
Surries
Traps
Durable
Graceful
Useful
Comfortable
Stylish

Our Vehicles are every one "FLAWLESS" in wheel, body, finish and trimmings. No other sort could give the satisfaction our carriages invariably give.

No better place to buy than HERE. No better time to buy than NOW. Prices down to Rock-bottom, Qualities up to Top-notch.

We re-paint, re-pair and re-tire.
Get our prices.

KENTUCKY CARRIAGE WORKS,
C. F. HIGGINS, Prop. Richmond, Ky.

Madison County Roller Mills

Manufacturers Fancy Roller Flour
Corn Meal Ship Stuffs Crushed Corn, Etc.
Our "GOLD DUST" Roller Flour will be hard to beat

"PRIDE OF MADISON" is another Excellent Flour

Potts & Duerson,

Whites Station, Ky.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Time Table in Effect, May 1, 1905.

Going North Train 4, Daily
Leave Berea . . . 3:45 a. m.
Arrive Richmond . . . 4:15 a. m.
Arrive Paris . . . 5:28 a. m.
Arrive Cincinnati . . . 7:50 a. m.

Going North Train 2, Daily
Leave Berea . . . 1:32 p. m.
Arrive Richmond . . . 2:00 p. m.
Arrive Paris . . . 3:30 p. m.
Arrive Cincinnati . . . 6:10 p. m.

Going South Train 3, Daily
Leave Berea . . . 1:11 p. m.
Arrive Knoxville . . . 8:10 p. m.

Going South Train 1, Daily
Leave Berea . . . 12:17 a. m.
Arrive Knoxville . . . 7:00 a. m.

EQUIPMENT: Trains numbers 2 and 3 carry Buffet Parlor car and coaches between Cincinnati and Knoxville in both directions. Trains numbers 1 and 4 carry Pullman vestibule Sleeping car and coaches between Cincinnati and Knoxville in both directions.

W. H. BOWER, Ticket Agent.

LOUISVILLE & ATLANTIC RY. CO.

Time table in effect April 16, 1905

EAST BOUND.
No. 1 No. 3 No. 5
Versailles . . . 10:15 a. m. 6:33 p. m.
Nicholasville . . . 11:00 7:16
Valley View . . . 11:24 7:40
Richmond, ar. . . 11:55 8:10
Richmond, lv. . . 12:05 p. m. 8:30 a. m.
Irvine . . . 1:05 9:30
Bentleyville . . . 2:40 10:00
Bentleyville Jct. . . 3:00 10:30

WEST BOUND.
No. 2 No. 4 No. 6
Versailles . . . 7:55 a. m. 3:23 p. m.
Nicholasville . . . 6:55 2:27
Valley View . . . 6:28 2:03
Richmond, ar. . . 6:00 1:35
Richmond, lv. . . 7:35 p. m. 1:30
Irvine . . . 10:00 12:25
Bentleyville . . . 11:50 10:50 a. m.
Bentleyville Jct. . . 12:30 10:30

No. 2 and 6, 1 and 3 make close connections at Nicholasville to and from Lexington and Cincinnati and at Versailles to and from Shelbyville and Louisville. No. 5 connects at Bentleyville Junction for Jackson. For any further information address any local agent, or
R. S. SMITH, G. F. & P. Agt.
Versailles, Ky.



Call at T. J. Moberley's and see the best line of

COLLARS,
TEAM HARNESS,
BUGGY HARNESS,
AND ANYTHING
That you need for the horse. Call and get prices they will induce you to buy.

T. J. MOBERLEY,
Richmond, - - - Kentucky.

To Citizens of Berea and Vicinity:

My shop is the most complete and up-to-date in this part of the State for doing all kinds of


Watch and Clock Work,
Jewelry Repairing, Etc.

I do work for the most prominent people of Berea and vicinity.

Work sent to me by mail or express will have prompt attention and charges paid one way.

S. G. FRANKLIN,
MT. VERNON, - - - KENTUCKY.
REFERENCE: Bank of Mt. Vernon.

ESTABLISHED IN 1876.



W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE
\$3.50 SHOES

Also, \$5.00, \$4.00, \$3.00, \$2.50, and \$2.25 for Men; \$3.00, \$2.50, and \$2.00 for Boys; \$2.00 and \$1.75 for Youths.

The reputation of W. L. Douglas shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes, because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more for their money than they can get elsewhere.

We carry a full line, and can insure a perfect fit. Inspection invited.

COYLE & HAYES

BEREA, KENTUCKY

FIRE ALARM SIGNALS.

DISTRICT No.	CODE SIGNAL	COLLEGE BELL SIGNAL
Prospect Cottage.....2	2 short rings.....	2 taps.
Ladies Hall.....3	3 short rings.....	3 taps.
President's House.....4	4 short rings.....	4 taps.
Chapel.....5	1 short & 1 long ring.....	5 taps.
Library.....6	1 long & 1 short ring.....	6 taps.
Lincoln Hall.....7	1 long, 1 short & 1 long.....	7 taps.
Industrial Buildings.....8	1 short, 1 long & 1 short.....	8 taps.
Howard Hall.....9	1 long & 2 short rings.....	9 taps.
Center Street.....13	1 short, pause, 3 short.....	1 tap, pause, 3 taps.
Richmond Pike.....14	1 short, pause, 4 short.....	1 tap, pause, 4 taps.
Mt. Vernon Street.....15	1 short, pause, 5 short.....	1 tap, pause, 5 taps.
West End.....16	1 short, pause, 6 short.....	1 tap, pause, 6 taps.

In case of fire, go to the nearest alarm, break glass, give long ring for general alarm, then give signal for district in which fire is located. One short ring means fire is out.

B. E. CARTMELL, Chief of Fire Dept.
W. G. FROST, President.

Berea and Vicinity.

GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Owing to an unusual amount of job work and a delay from the breaking down of the engine, the CITIZEN will be one day late this week. We are sure that our patrons will excuse this failure as it is the first time in three months that the paper has failed to go to press on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dick were in Richmond Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Clymer, of Johnetta, has been visiting relatives in Berea this week.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gabbard died Wednesday morning.

Mr. Jack Welch, traveling for the Brown Shoe Company, of St. Louis, is in town.

Miss Pearl Baker is in Cincinnati for a two weeks' visit with her sister, Miss Carrie Wood.

Overton Tussey, E. E. Hays and J. W. Strange are the new apprentices in the Printing Office this year. E. M. Spink holds over from last year, and Mr. Strange comes with some experience from another office.

Professor and Mrs. Dinsmore started out Wednesday with the tent and two loaded teams for an extension trip through the mountains. Their first stop will be at Station Camp. The Editor will join them for a few days the last of the week.

Although the advertisement of our combination offer of the CITIZEN and the Chicago Daily Review for only a dollar and a half has been withdrawn, the offer still holds good. Every one who would like a paper containing brief, breezy, clean news every day should take advantage of this offer before it is too late. We have other good combination offers including that of the Weekly Courier Journal, the Cincinnati Post and the Louisville Herald.

Mrs. Heimer, who underwent a slight surgical operation at the College Hospital on Wednesday, died Thursday night of heart failure. The operation was but a slight one and Mrs. Heimer showed every indication of recovering up till a short time before her collapse.

The Eastern Kentucky news is somewhat scant this week. It is desirable that there should be some regularity in the communications of the correspondents so that there shall not be a congestion one week and nothing the next. Let correspondents please take notice.

Attention is called to the four column ad. of Bicknell & Early that appears in the CITIZEN this week. Twenty five thousand broad-side circulars are being printed for them for distribution in the vicinity. Mr. Wildman, Bicknell & Early's agent in their sale, is surely establishing a precedent in advertising for the community.

A chief feature of the State Development Convention in Louisville, October 10, 11 and 12, will be a roll call of Kentucky counties, in which a representative citizen from each county will be expected to respond. In this roll call the chairman will ask for answers on at least two questions: What has your county in a general way in agriculture, forestry, minerals and industrial interest? What does your county need to improve its present condition?

Mr. H. Louis Racier inaugurated his campaign as a lecturer and entertainer Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. An appreciative audience greeted him on both occasions. Mr. Racier is a pleasing speaker, and an impersonator of more than ordinary ability. His sympathetic rendering of selections from Dunbar, Riley and others are a prominent feature of his entertainment. He also has quite a

local reputation as a raconteur and his collection of jokes and anecdotes are well told. The fact that he was introduced on Tuesday night by Professor Dodge and on Wednesday night by Dr. Switzer, and by both gentlemen with the highest commendations, is evidence of the hold he has on the sympathies of those who have known him in Berea.

Howard Lieman arrived from Cincinnati, Ohio, today to enter school.

Jay Jacobs arrived last Friday from Cincinnati to be in school this year.

Health Warning.

This seems to be an opportune time to call the attention of the citizens of Berea to a few facts about Diphtheria.

1. Diphtheria of the larynx, commonly called membranous croup, is caused by the same germ as diphtheria of the throat, and is just as contagious. Therefore cases of this kind should be kept in strict quarantine.

2. The following rules of quarantine should be enforced by parents in every case of diphtheria: The patient should be put into a room by himself and no one be allowed to enter the room but the doctor and the one person who acts as nurse. In most cases this will be the mother. When she enters the room, she should protect her clothing with some kind of an old gown. An old night gown does very well. Her hair should be protected with a towel or dusting cap. These things should be taken off and hung at the door when she leaves the room and put on again when she goes back in. While treating the throat the acting nurse should keep her own mouth closed and breathe as little as possible. After treating the throat her hands and face should be washed and her throat gargled. No children from outside should be allowed to enter the house and the brothers and sisters of the patient should not be allowed outside of their own yard. Nor should they be allowed to play with neighboring children. The child should be kept in quarantine for one week after all signs of the disease are gone. Then the room should be thoroughly fumigated with formalin.

These may seem like rather severe requirements but let us take a little trouble rather than have so many funerals. Only by following such a program as this can Berea be saved from a Diphtheria epidemic. Is it worth the trouble? We think it is.

A last word: Diphtheria antitoxin is almost a sure cure for diphtheria but in order to do its work properly it must be given early in the disease. It is a very expensive medicine in money but considering its wonderful value it is very cheap.

Do not blame your doctor for not saving your child, if he is called in late in the disease or if he is not allowed to use plenty of antitoxin because of expense or other reason. The antitoxin is perfectly harmless when properly administered.

Registration of Voters.

The registration sheets will be open at Hanson Hall for the registration of voters on Tuesday, October 3, between 8 a. m. and 9 p. m. Those necessarily absent or sick upon that day may register before the County Clerk on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday before Election day, October 30 and 31, and November 1.

The Fall Term of School.

The fall term at Berea has opened with a larger attendance of students from eastern Kentucky than usual. People are waking up to the fact that the fall is the time to study. People who look ahead have gotten their work somewhat out of the way and a little money laid by and are sending their sons and daughters where they can improve.

It is a glad some sight to see so many young people gathered for chapel worship and going and coming through the beautiful grove in which the college buildings stand. Never before have the students enjoyed their work so well, not only in the class-room but in the various shops and on the farm.

And still they are coming. Every day we may see a father going to the Treasurer's office with his children, to arrange for their board and studies. Every day we may see brave young men and women coming on their own account to seek an education. Many more will be here during the next two weeks.

There are two kinds of young who ought to be in school this fall. The first set consists of young people who are not going to school at all. They are doing more or less work but are really largely idle and wasting their time. If they knew what enjoyment and profit there is in school life, they would be here.

Another set of young people who ought to be here are those who are now attending the district school but have really done all that they can do there. They go over the same studies every year, or try some of the advance classes without having the proper apparatus for teaching. It

often happens that two or three big scholars in a school do real harm there. They monopolize the teacher's attention and keep him from doing justice to the younger pupils, and at the same time they get very little good themselves. What they need to do is to strike out for a large school, where they can meet new teachers and take up new studies. And the time to start for school is now.

Enforcement of Liquor Law.

A great deal of liquor has been brought into town this summer, and affairs have reached such a condition that drastic measures have become necessary. Last Saturday R. B. Doe (colored) and May Mitchell (white) were arrested and fined \$50 each and given ten days in jail. This is only the beginning of an effort to restore the former conditions in our town.

The law under which the above mentioned men were fined and imprisoned is Article 2 of an Amendment to Section 2557 of the Kentucky Statutes, which reads as follows:

"It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, lend, give, procure for, or furnish to another, any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, or to have in his possession spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, for the purpose of selling them in any territory where said act is in force, and any person so offending shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned not less than ten nor more than fifty days."

PENCIL IN THE APPENDIX.

It Had Remained There Two Years Before It Was Removed.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—At the county hospital a pencil was removed from the appendix of Robert Hanners, 24, a baker. The pencil, five inches in length, and sharpened at one end, was found imbedded in the appendix. The patient explained to the physician after the operation that a friend of his two years ago had "bantered" him to thrust a pencil down his throat as far as it would go. He put it down so far that it slipped from his fingers. It had caused him no trouble until recently. The physicians say that Hanners will recover in a short time.

Care Must Be Screened.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 27.—At a conference of the executive committee of the state health board and the governor a resolution was adopted requiring that all passenger coaches used in the state, local or through, must be closely screened.

Bacon Resigns His Position.

New York, Sept. 27.—It was announced that Robert Bacon, who becomes first assistant secretary of state at Washington, October 1, has resigned from the directory and finance committee of the United States Steel Corporation.

Naval Academy Quarantined.

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 27.—On account of the prevalence of typhoid fever and diphtheria at the naval academy a rigid quarantine has been established and no midshipmen are allowed to leave the grounds.

False Alarm.

He—Clara, I want to ask you a question. She—This is so sudden! He—I know, but I can't stand it any longer. The fact is one of the legs of your chair is on my foot, and I was going to ask you if you would kindly remove it.

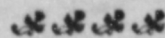
200 BUSHELS SEED RYE

For sale at market price.

Phone 44. E. T. FISH.

We Have It.

There is a right smart bit of satisfaction in knowing where to get a thing when you want it. Of course we don't keep everything; but there are mighty few things found in any drug store that we don't keep, and the beauty is you get what you want—not something "just as good."



The Porter Drug Co.

(INCORPORATED)

The place where "Purity is Paramount"

Do You Feel Safe Without Fire Insurance?

You wouldn't miss the small amount it would take to pay insurance. But you would miss your home if you should lose it and no insurance. Can write you in any of the good Companies.

FIRE, LIFE, and
ACCIDENT INSURANCE.
REAL ESTATE BOUGHT, SOLD,
and TRANSFERRED.
NOTARY PUBLIC.

W. H. PORTER, Berea, Ky.
AT THE BANK.

Well Pursued Women

As well as those who must adorn themselves more economically, wish to supply their wants at the lowest possible price consistent with the quality and style of the goods.

In Dress goods we can show you as fine an assortment as was ever shown in Berea. Our line of Silk and Woolen Shirt Waists is exceptionally fine.

Our Notion department is the most complete in Town. Call and be convinced.

C. J. Hanson & Co.

WORLD'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM.

Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs of Recent Interesting Happenings.

EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The Doings of the Government Officials—Crimes and Casualties and Other Notes of General Interest.

After a period of severe illness lasting two months, John M. Hamilton, former governor of Illinois, died in Chicago. He had been in ill health for several years. Ex-Gov. Hamilton was born in Richwood, Union county, O., May 28, 1847.

Fifty-nine cases of typhoid fever exist among the convicts in the state penitentiary at Walla Walla, Wash., and new cases are reported daily. The prison has 765 convicts, and the officials fear a much greater epidemic.

The supreme lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, adjourned. Commemorating the date on which the order was founded at Louisville, in 1877, September 30 will hereafter be recognized as memorial day by each local lodge.

In the arrest of three men on board a Staten Island ferry boat the police believe they have at last obtained a clue to the mysterious Black Hand society, which for years has terrorized New York Italian cities.

The state of Alabama raised the quarantine established a few days ago against Jackson, Miss., at the time when a suspicious case of illness was reported from there.

The authorities at St. Petersburg received official reports from the Siberian coast to the effect that the Japanese are pursuing measures which promise to result in the ruin of the inhabitants throughout the island of Sakhalin, north and south.

The shooting of bears within the city limits of Duluth, Minn., has become so common of late that Chief of Police Troyer detailed two mounted officers to patrol the city to see that his instructions against the practice are carried out to the letter.

After protracted sessions extending over some weeks the Norwegian and Swedish delegates who met at Karlstad to settle the terms of separation of the two countries, arrived at an agreement on all points.

Ten thousand boiled eggs formed one feature of the bill of fare prepared for the members of the clubs which went to Westchester, Pa., to take part in the big republican celebration.

Several distressing instances of children's suicides in Germany have occurred since the autumn school term began. This has brought on a discussion of the conditions of school and home life, and endeavors are being made to trace the causes of that increasing feebleness of the desire to live which it is affirmed the 11,000 suicides of 1903 indicate.

The fashionable women of London will wear only white furs this coming winter. The furriers' windows are filled with white furs. The best white fox skins cost \$400 each, so that those garments therefrom will not become common.

A verdict of \$100,000 against the city of Chicago was given the Pan-Handle railroad in a damage suit brought because of the burning of a number of freight cars belonging to the railroad company during the A. R. U. strike of 1894.

The diplomatic rupture between Greece and Roumania has been completed by the departure of the Roumanian minister from Athens. The interests of the Roumanians in Greece have been entrusted to Italy, while the Russian legation at Bucharest will guard the interests of the Greeks in Roumania.

The Spanish cruiser Cardinal Cisneros Extremadura and Rio Janeiro are coaling at Vigo, Spain, with the expectation of proceeding to the coast of Morocco to obtain redress for recent Moroccan depredations against Spanish ships.

The grand jury, which has been investigating the Salmon & Salmon bank, of Clinton, Mo., returned indictments on 13 counts against Thomas M. Casey, former manager of the bank, who confessed, at the time of the failure, to using forged notes for securities.

George W. Perkins, vice president of the New York Life Insurance Co. and member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., was on the witness stand before the special legislative committee probing insurance companies' methods. Witness could not explain why, after the New York Life had bought \$1,000,000 worth of bonds from J. P. Morgan & Co., \$2,000,000 worth should be sold back to that firm at the same price within two months and no minute of the finance committee could be found to explain it.

It can now be stated that the exchange of ratification of the treaty of peace between Japan and Russia will take place in Washington shortly after the treaty has been ratified by the respective sovereigns.

Baron Komura's condition continues to improve. His convalescence may be said to be well established. Komura is again thinking of starting for Japan and he will sail from Tacoma on an early steamer.

Ell Jordan, 107 years old, is dead in the western part of Pike county, Alabama, his demise being due to the infirmities of old age.

W. H. Hunt, formerly president of the defunct Pan-American bank of Chicago, was sentenced to the penitentiary and ordered by Judge Kernsten to pay a fine of \$298.

The North Carolina Pine Lumber association increases the price on all grades of lumber, dressed and in the rough, 75 cents on 1,000 feet, making lumber higher than ever known in the south.

Rev. Paul Matthews, of Cincinnati, was elected bishop coadjutor of the Milwaukee Episcopal diocese on the 16th ballot, having received the necessary majority of both the clerical and lay votes.

The band of the Second regiment, National Guard of California is to be mustered out owing to the fact that it refused to parade on Memorial day in Sacramento because there was a non-union band in line.

At Belleville, Ill., three persons were seriously injured and it is believed that nearly 200 were more or less painfully hurt by the collapse of a band stand during a carnival and street fair.

One of the biggest coal operators in the Scranton, Pa., region declared unhesitatingly and for publication that the operators will not, under any consideration, grant the demand of the mine workers for an eight-hour day and that they propose to agree only that the present agreement shall be continued.

Paddy Hultt and J. B. Blackburn, both white men, aged about 35 years, iron workers on the new railroad terminal station in Washington, were killed while walking on the track by being struck by an engine.

The plant of the Anchor Silver Plate Co., St. Paul, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$150,000.

While waiting to meet his wife at the 653 street station of the Illinois Central railroad, Chicago, W. P. Appleyard, superintendent of the Pullman Co., was run down and killed by the locomotive drawing the train on which his wife was returning from an eastern trip.

Through streets crowded with white robed Koreans and lined by the imperial body guard standing at "present arms," Miss Alice Roosevelt, riding in the imperial yellow palanquin, triumphantly progressed from the railroad station in Seoul to the American legation.

Gov. Vardaman denounced the Equitable for refusing to pay premiums on his policy. He said: "I shall not pay this premium, but rather think that I shall permit the policy to forfeit and become void."

With sensational suddenness President George M. Meller, of Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union No. 4, who is being tried at Chicago, with 12 other union officials and members, on a charge of criminal conspiracy, withdrew a plea of not guilty and entered a plea of guilty.

That \$235,000 has been paid by the New York Life Insurance Co. to Andrew A. Hamilton, of Albany; that no two passengers were killed and 43 injured by a train wreck on the Southern Pacific near Harney, Nev.

The emperor of Korea, for the first time during his reign, lunched with foreigners, first giving an audience to Miss Alice Roosevelt and Mr. Adm. Train. American Minister Morgan escorted Miss Roosevelt to the banquet hall, where they sat together. The crown and imperial princes and other members of the party were distributed at small tables with members of the ministry and generals of the army.

Archbishop John J. Glennon, head of the Catholic archdiocese of St. Louis, who has been abroad for two months, returned, bringing with him plans for the erection of a \$1,000,000 cathedral.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at their annual communion had under consideration the question of the liquor traffic as being a bar to membership in the organization. The report which was read by Representative Goudy and later approved by the body in session decides in brief that no one can remain a member of a lodge who is engaged in the liquor business in any way unless he was a member and so engaged and has been continuously since the first ruling was made at the 1895 convention at Atlantic City.

Gen. Merteza Khal, Persian minister to the United States and Mexico, has arrived at Mexico City. He speaks favorably of the prospect for a permanent exposition of Mexican and American goods in Teheran.

A conference of representatives of the Armenians and Tartars, under the presidency of Prince Louis Napoleon, governor general of the Caucasus, has just been concluded, during which the principal conditions of an entente were agreed upon.

It is learned from unquestionable authority that Attorney General Moody will resign from the cabinet next spring and that Secretary of the Navy Charles J. Bonaparte will then be transferred to the department of justice as attorney general.

The proposed amendment to the Odd Fellows' constitution to exclude from the order all persons who are engaged in the liquor traffic was tabled by the grand lodge.

Fusion between the democrats and populists of Nebraska was effected by the nomination by both state conventions of an identical ticket.

An extra work train on the Cairo division of the Big Four railroad ran into the rear end of an extra freight train at Swango Hill, five miles south of Paris, Ill. Four men were injured, one fatally.

The strike of the chain machine miners in the Chicago and Alton sub-districts (Ill.), in which 1,800 miners were effected, was broken when Division miners, 300 in number, voted to return to work.

Judge Eason announced that he would not be able to give his decision in the Taggart divorce case until Saturday, September 30.

Yellow fever report on the 24: New cases, 24; total to date, 2,831; deaths, 2; total, 367; new foci, 8; under treatment, 288.

John Walworth, postmaster at Natchez, Miss., for the past four years, and formerly collector of customs for the Pearl river district, died of yellow fever. He was the only son of Maj. Douglas Walworth, former editor of the Natchez Democrat.

Friends of George E. Lorenz, of Toledo, now serving a sentence in the Moundsville (W. Va.) penitentiary, for complicity with A. W. Machen and others in an attempt to defraud the government in the postal scandal cases, will make application to President Roosevelt for a pardon for him.

The report of the commissioner of pensions for the fiscal year ending July 1, last, shows that during the year there were 46,955 allowances under the old age disability order of March 15, 1904.

At Conway, Ark., Frank Brown, a negro, was taken from jail to the outskirts of the town and hanged by a mob. The negro was held for assaulting a Mrs. Lawrence, killing her six-year-old and stabbing her baby daughter.

Prosecution of the railroads for violation of the Elkins law, relating to rebates, will follow the conviction of the four officials of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger for conspiring to receive rebates in the conduct of the packing business.

Some one desecrated the escutcheon of the American consulate at Cienfuegos, Cuba. An investigation of the matter is being rigorously conducted.

State Health Officer Tabor, of Texas, has declared a quarantine against all Cuban ports, effective at once, because of the prevalence of so-called "dengue" fever at Havana and in other parts of the island.

After a week's duration, the strike of the union printers at Albany, N. Y., for an eight-hour day has ended with the yielding of all the employing printers. All have now signed the agreement, which takes effect January 1, 1906.

Rufus Binyon, a negro, was hanged at Ardmore, I. T., for the murder of his eight-year-old stepdaughter five years ago.

Motor car No. 2 received its official test by the Union Pacific railroad, making a trip of 62 miles, during the course of which it reached a maximum speed of 63.2 miles an hour.

Miss Alice Roosevelt and ladies of her party attended a women's luncheon at the palace in Seoul, Korea. On the emperor's consort, who was hostess, proposed a toast to Miss Roosevelt.

J. Pierpont Morgan is practically in control of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad.

The national council of Retail Coal Association and the National Anthracite Merchants' association, in joint meeting at Buffalo, voted to oppose the Esch-Townsend bill.

Charges of fraud, misapplication of trust funds and attempts to transfer assets to another concern are made in a suit for receiver and accounting filed against present and former officials of the Western Life Indemnity Co., an assessment insurance association of Chicago.

The motorman was killed and 15 passengers injured in a collision on the Hudson & Albany Electric railway at Nassau, N. Y., when a passenger train ran into a milk car.

Because of their professed admiration for the naval record of Rr. Adm. Francis T. Bowles, U. S. N., retired, robbers returned to the admiral property they had taken from his home in Boston.

Baron Rosen, the German minister to Morocco, and R. Revoll, French representative, who have been in charge of the negotiations in regard to the coming conference on Moroccan affairs made an announcement that they have reached an agreement on all the principal points in which they have been at conference.

Wm. Ellis, a negro suspected of having committed half a dozen murders in as many different states, has broken down when in a "sweat box" by the Birmingham (Ala.) police, and confessed to two of the murders.

Yin Tchang, the Chinese minister at Berlin, has been recalled and will be appointed to a command in the army under Gen. Yuan Shi Kai, viceroy of Pechili.

Two prisoners in the calaboose at Rising Sun, Ind., took advantage of Sheriff Harry Rump's absence and, with the aid of a poker, dug their way through the jail's two-foot wall to liberty.

Moses Lovern, a negro, was taken from the city jail at Williamson, W. Va., by a mob and carried across the Tug river into Kentucky. For almost half an hour the frenzied gang beat the helpless negro with clubs. He was returned to jail but will die.

The latest telegrams received at Havana indicate that the presidential elections have resulted in a complete victory for the government throughout the island.

Col. Cornelius T. Westbrook, one of the best known Grand Army veterans in New York state, died at the Middletown State hospital, where he was taken several years ago.

Audobon Boy equaled the world's record for pacing, held by Star Pointer, at the Readville trotting park, traveling an exhibition mile in 1:59 1/4.

The charred remains of Lula Wise, a negro woman, and her four children were found in the smoking ruins of her home near Jacksonville, Fla., which was burned. There is evidence of foul play.

Ten members of the Louisville baseball team who were hurt in a street car accident in Kansas City August 31, brought suit against the Metropolitan Street Railway Co., of that city, for damages aggregating \$53,000.

THE ANNUAL MESSAGE

The President is Devoting Considerable Time To It.

Important Topics Are Federal Regulation of Insurance Relations With Venezuela and America's Interests in San Domingo.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Sept. 25.—The president is devoting considerable time each day now to work on his annual message to congress. For some time he has been assembling data for the message, but since the adjournment of the peace conference he has been writing the data into definite form. The message will not be completed until some time early in November, because each member of cabinet will have to supply material for discussion of the work of his department. This information will be contained in the annual reports of the cabinet officers which have not been completed.

Three topics, highly important at this time, to the American people will be discussed by the president in his message. They are federal regulations and supervision of life insurance, the relations between this country and Venezuela and America's interest in the fiscal affairs of the government of Santo Domingo.

Other important subjects naturally will be considered, among them the scandals disclosed in the departments of agriculture and the interior; the work of the department of justice in the beef trust cases; the regulation of railroad freight rates; the progress made in the construction of the Panama canal and the conclusion of peace between Russia and Japan.

BIG FIRE IN BUTTE.

Loss Estimated at \$1,000,000 in the Heart of the Business District.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 25.—Fire causing a loss estimated at one million dollars consumed the entire business portion of Butte, lying between the Shodor block and Renshaw alley, on the south side of West Park street, and partially destroyed the public library. The fire call was turned in at 8:40. At noon the four-story Symons store was a mass of flames and the public library and other places were burning simultaneously. At 1 o'clock Mayor MacGinniss announced the fire under control.

Some of the losses follow: Blocks totally destroyed—Maule, York, Barrett, Woodworth, Ogden. The following are among the estimated losses: Symonds store, Maule and York blocks, owned by the New York Realty Co., \$600,000; library building, \$70,000; Walkover Shoe Co., \$16,000; Ogden block, total loss; Atlantic saloon, \$10,000.

BOMB EXPLOSION.

Four Minor Chinese Officials Killed and Over 20 Others Wounded.

Peking, Sept. 25.—At the Peking railway station Sunday, as a train carrying one of the four missions ordered abroad to study foreign political methods was leaving, a bomb was exploded inside a private car, killing four minor officials and wounding over 20 other persons. The wounded include Prince Tsai Tsche, who heads the most important missions, and Wu Ting Fang, former minister to the United States, both of whom received slight injuries. The perpetrator of the outrage, who was in the car, was blown to pieces.

The affair has created a profound sensation and causes apprehension regarding the safety of members of the court and leading officials of the government.

BANKERS' CONVENTION.

Extensive Preparations Being Made For Their Entertainment.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Government officials are co-operating with the local committee in arranging for the annual convention of the American Bankers' association, October 10-13. An executive committee composed of prominent Washington bankers has been busy for several weeks preparing an elaborate program for the entertainment of the visitors. John Jay Edson, president of the Washington Loan and Trust Co. and chairman of the executive committee, says reports indicate that fully 4,000 bankers will be here, and that preparations are being made to entertain all that come, if they should exceed that number.

Strength Tests.

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 25.—General strength tests which have been applied by the medical authorities of the naval academy to the 230 new midshipmen shows that Charles F. Chambers, of Steubenville, O., is the strongest member of the class, his total strength being represented by 1,106 kilos. Lee Carey, of Snow Hill, Md., is second, with 1,054 kilos. Both are members of the football squad.

Western League Championship.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 25.—The Western League baseball season closed with two games each at Omaha, Sioux City and Des Moines. The championship went to the Des Moines club, which has had a safe lead for two months.

Buried With Military Honors.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 25.—The body of ex-Gov. Charles T. O'Farrell was committed to the earth with full military honors. The funeral escort consisted of seven state guard organizations.

STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

DEATH WON AT LAST.

A Woman Made a Strenuous Fight For Life With Violet Leaves.

Dayton, Sept. 20.—Mrs. W. H. McCormick died at her home, Fourth and Vine streets, of abdominal cancer. Her case, which was a rather remarkable one, has attracted considerable attention in the medical world. Over a year ago she was given up to die by all physicians who were called in for consultation. It was then that Mr. McCormick learned of the violet leaf cure and treatment was begun. Tea of the leaf was administered regularly, and in a short while the patient showed marked improvement. The intense pain ceased and in the course of a few months she was able to get about almost as well as ever. A few days ago she suffered a relapse, resulting in her death.

HIS FORMER NURSE.

Gen. Sydney J. Gates Will Take Her As His Wife.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22.—Sydney J. Gates, general agent of the Big Four railroad, is to be married in October to Miss Mattie Moore Austin, a nurse, who attended him during a recent illness at the Norton infirmary. Mr. Gates was in the hospital for the purpose of having an operation performed on one of his eyes. Miss Austin was placed in charge of the railroad man, and, before his recovery was nearly completed, cupid came along, and three weeks ago, when Mr. Gates left the hospital, the nurse had promised to become his wife. Miss Austin comes from a prominent Lewisburg, Va., family.

STIFF SENTENCES GIVEN.

Negro Boys Pleaded Guilty To Robbery and Arson.

Scottsville, Ky., Sept. 20.—Sheriff Bradey and his deputy returned from Bowling Green with eight negro boys, who were taken there from this county on August 2 for the robbery and burning of the Bryant block on June 28. They entered a plea of guilty. Walter Isbell and Will Hughes received 26 years in the penitentiary; Lucien Isbell and Ed Petty each five, and Lane Dunn one year. Bennie Bowers, Clarence Isbell and Cleve Harston will appear for sentence Wednesday.

THE POOLROOM CASES.

A Motion Made To Advance Them in the Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 21.—In the court of appeals, Wednesday, a motion was made by Attorney General Hays to advance the Covington poolroom cases of Respass, Boro and Davezac against the commonwealth, and hear them with the Enright cases, now under submission. Attorneys Myers and Byrne objected to advancing the cases at this time and the court took the matter under advisement.

Property For Depot.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 20.—By the purchase here of two pieces of property at a cost of \$48,000 the Union Depot Co. has removed the last obstacle standing in the way of erecting here the proposed new union depot to accommodate trains of the Louisville & Nashville, the Lexington & Eastern and the Chesapeake & Ohio railroads.

Brakeman Killed.

Ludlow, Ky., Sept. 21.—Gale Green, 23, brakeman for the Cincinnati Southern railway, was found lying on the tracks in the Ludlow yards with both legs crushed. He was picked up by the crew of a Q. & C. passenger train. He died about two hours after being received at the hospital. Green was married and lived on Elm street.

A Rush For Screens.

Newport, Ky., Sept. 22.—Newport manufacturers of screen doors and window screens, who make two-thirds of these articles used in the country, are working night and day turning out orders for the south, owing to the yellow fever epidemic. One firm has enough orders from three states to keep it going for six months.

New Companies Incorporated.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 23.—The following new companies filed incorporation articles with the secretary: Pineville Water Supply Co., \$20,000; Harrodsburg Trust Co., \$30,000; Kentucky Hardwood Lumber Co., of Wayne county, \$30,000; Cain Martin Machine Co., of Louisville, \$3,000.

Guests Burned Out.

Bowling Green, Ky., Sept. 21.—The hotel at Chalybeate Springs, near here, burned. One lady guest is reported to have lost a set of pearls worth \$2,000. The 20 guests came to this city and boarded trains for home.

Garrison Is Growing.

Fort Thomas, Ky., Sept. 23.—Owing to the number of new recruits who are steadily arriving at Fort Thomas, the actual strength of the garrison is now 24 officers and 504 enlisted men. There are 32 general prisoners serving sentences.

Charged With Making Oled.

Covington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Henry Gadker, aged 19, of 499 Pike street, was arraigned before Federal Commissioner John Menzies on a charge of manufacturing oleomargarine. He was released on \$1,500 bond.

CENSUS REPORTS.

Some Interesting Facts in Regard To Covington Given Out.

Covington, Ky., Sept. 21.—The report of the United States census bureau for 1902 and 1903, that has just been issued, gives some very startling facts concerning Covington that are not generally known. Covington at that time had a population of 44,759, with an area of 1,509.5 acres. There are 193 licensed saloons. The public library is credited with having 7,017 volumes, which is less than any city in its class, and in these years there were 86,085 withdrawals of books, which is more than any other city of its class. Covington had 310 fire hydrants and 43.7 miles of water mains. It is lighted by 327 arc lights, 28 incandescent and 449 other lamps. It has 615,977 square yards of paved streets, and 26.8 miles of sewers. The following is the actual property of the city: Waterworks, \$1,602,500; market houses, \$22,000; wharf, \$5,000; city hall, \$285,000; firehouses, \$88,000; hospital, \$16,000; jail, \$101,000; schools, \$325,000; library, \$125,000; miscellaneous, \$42,000.

A FATAL KISS.

Father Accidentally Broke His Little Daughter's Neck.

Gravel Switch, Ky., Sept. 23.—Jason Chumbley, a resident of this county, returned home to visit his wife and child. Upon his arrival he grasped his six-year-old daughter by the chin to kiss her, lifting her head back. The little one sank to the ground dead. A physician found that her neck had been broken by her father. The father is almost crazed over the strange occurrence whereby his caress was turned into a death blow for his only child, whom he dearly loved.

WESTERN NATIONAL BANK.

It Will Be Reopened For Business on October 3.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 22.—Monday, September 25, has been fixed for the payment of the 2-3 per cent. assessment on the stockholders of the Western National bank, which was recently closed by order of the controller of the currency. The assessment amounts to \$250,000, and furnishes the necessary amount to cover indebtedness to depositors and other creditors and to provide the necessary surplus for re-opening business. The bank will re-open on October 3.

A KENTUCKY BATTLE.

One Man Was Killed and Another Mortally Wounded.

Sparta, Ky., Sept. 23.—News reached here from New Liberty of a battle, in which one man was killed and another mortally wounded. John M. Ogden shot and killed his son-in-law, Richard Marksberry, and also mortally wounded Marksberry's brother. The killing is said to have occurred over the settlement of a \$7 debt. Ogden left immediately after the shooting and has not been arrested.

Grocer Hanged Himself.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 23.—Suddenly becoming insane from the effects of a fracture of the skull, received when a boy of 15, Frank Brown, well-known as a retired and well to do grocer of the east end, arose at his accustomed hour, went into the barn in the rear of his home, 1713 Baxter avenue, and hanged himself from a rafter.

Shot By a One-Legged Man.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Bill Bogle, 38, was shot and fatally wounded by Jimmy Kane, of about the same age, in the saloon of Ed Martin, on Vine street. Bogle, it is alleged, was making for Kane, who has but one leg, with a beer bottle, when Kane drew his revolver and shot him three times.

A Generous Offer.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 22.—Twelve Frankfort physicians have offered to serve a month each as penitentiary physicians for nothing if the salary of the prison physician would be paid for that period to the widow of the late Dr. Tobin. The prison committee has taken no action.

Burley Men Incorporate.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 21.—With the filing of articles of incorporation by the Burley Tobacco Growers of Kentucky and Ohio the fight made for the past two years to wrest control of the Burley tobacco from the American Tobacco Co. seems to be an assured success.

Kentucky Railroads Indicted.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 23.—The Franklin county grand jury returned 54 indictments against railroads for failing to make reports to the railroad commission of accidents where deaths resulted to passengers or employees.

State Confederate Reunion.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 21.—The Kentucky State Confederate reunion will be held at the Confederate home, Pewee Valley, Thursday, October 26, at 11 a. m. The date and place have been agreed upon by the four brigadier generals of Kentucky.

Sheriff Holland's Trial.

Paducah, Ky., Sept. 22.—The trial of Sheriff Walter Holland, of Murray, for killing Hardy Keys, is set for September 23, at Benton, Marshall county, a new trial having been granted him at the last term of court.

Eastern Kentucky News

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly

WHITLEY COUNTY.

The Editor visited Williamsburgh over Saturday and Sunday and had the pleasure of meeting many old friends and seeing the most marked evidences of progress and prosperity. Corbin, twelve years ago but a junction with a few scattering houses, is now a prosperous and busy town with a freight yard containing forty miles of track. The whole line from there to Tennessee is a continuous coal mine with stations at very short intervals. The L. and N. R. R. is spending a million dollars on straightening and improving the grade of its tracks, and the work is being hastened by large gangs of men in movable camps.

Williamsburgh is claimed by its citizens as the best and most progressive town in the mountains, and other towns must make a good showing if they desire to contest the claim. Two thriving schools, stone paved sidewalks, electric lights, a growing waterworks system, and well furnished and busy mercantile establishments are some of the evidences of prosperity. Highland Normal College, formerly Williamsburgh Academy, under the care of Professor Hill, lately of Berea, is in a thriving and prosperous condition with two hundred and sixty students and seventeen officers and teachers. Its prosperity is particularly pleasing to the Editor for of its early days he was a part. A large and convenient school building is going up on the site of the Ladies' Hall, lately destroyed by fire.

Williamsburgh Institute is erecting a new Boarding Hall and seems to be enjoying its share of the general prosperity. The greatest improvement, however, in the twelve years that have passed since the Editor left the place, is the evident harmony and desire of all to work together for the welfare of the community. With such a spirit Williamsburgh is bound to hold preeminence over any community that has a divided spirit among its citizens.

JACKSON COUNTY.

SAND GAP

Sept. 25.—The people of the vicinity are very busy foddering.—Mrs. James Williams, of Clover Bottom, has been severely ill, but, under the care of Dr. Robinson, is slowly improving.—J. R. Durham was on the sick list last week and had to miss school.—Died last Friday, Aunt Catherine Clemmons. She had for several years been a victim to cancer which caused her death. She leaves a host of relatives and friends to mourn her loss. She was eighty-five years of age.—Rev. Wm. Powell and others preached some warm sermons at this place last Saturday and Sunday, and got one addition to the church, Miss Emma Johnson. She is to be baptized the fourth Sunday in next month, in the waters of South Fork.—Preparations are being made for building a church house at Sand Gap. Eighty-five dollars were donated last Saturday for this purpose.—C. A. Robinson, of Egypt, was the guest of Miss Anna Powell last Saturday and Sunday.—Mrs. Martha Brockman, of Hamilton, O., visited at J. R. Durham's last Friday. She will return to Hamilton next Sunday.—Miss Sarena Kerby and brother, Harvey, and Nathan Williams and family were guests of J. R. Durham last Saturday night and Sunday.—Millard Clemmons, of this place, and Miss Anis McKinney, of Rock Lick, were married last Thursday. May their future be as bright and happy as it now promises to be.—Mr. Andrew Sloan and wife, of Birch Lick, attended church at this place yesterday.—Miss Lillie Isaacs, of Lexington, is visiting relatives at this place.—Wm. Williams and wife are visiting relatives at Bear Wallow.—E. E. Durham attended the Landmark Association at Panola last week.—Subscribe for THE CITIZEN.

OWSLEY COUNTY.

VINCENT

Sept. 22.—THE CITIZEN should be read by all who want the news of the day.—David Deeds, who left here some two months ago for the wild and woolly west, reports having killed one deer.—The low and husky sound of the grunter can be distinctly heard from almost every household.—W. H. Venable was in Booneville yesterday.—Burgoyne Botner, of this place, has just returned from a trip to replenish his stock of goods.—Misses Nettie and Alice Treadway, of Paint Lick, are visiting friends and relatives in Owsley county at present.—Miss Eva Treadway, who has been staying at Beattyville for some time, returned home Sunday.—The Summers state mill is nearing completion and work will begin soon. We will then have two mills with a daily

turnout of from eight to ten thousand.—Burgoyne Botner was in Booneville Thursday.—Henry Venable was at Heidelberg last week on business.—Floyd Price, who has been in Cleveland, O., for some time, returned home a few days ago.—Our school is progressing nicely under the careful management of John Reech.

FLOYD.

Sept. 23.—We are having fine weather for saving fodder this fall.—Prof. W. A. E. Campbell passed through here Saturday on his way to Buffalo to preach.—Miss Cort is down at the lower school planning for a "Children's Day" Sunday. This school did not get a part.—C. B. Moore had a fodder pulling Friday.—We are having a considerable amount of talk over the magistrate's race at this place. C. B. Moore and Wm. Huff are the candidates. The time is coming when the people will have to reform our politics. The nominees for county offices all have opposition. The people will do their country and themselves a favor and justice, if they will support the regular nominees.

LETCHER COUNTY.

MAYKING

Sept. 26.—Mr. A. F. Webb died a few days ago at his home. He leaves friends and relatives to mourn his loss.—M. M. Holbrook has just returned home from Norton, Va., with goods.—Mrs. Nannie Croft is on the sick list this week.—S. E. Adams is also sick this week.—Mr. Blaine Adams and Miss Bettie Adams were at H. B. Croft's Friday on a visit.

Change in P. O. Hours

On and after October 1st the Post Office will be open from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m., instead of 6 a. m. to 6 p. m. as formerly. The time of closing noon mail (12:30) will remain the same as formerly, but evening mail will be locked out at 7 p. m. prompt.

S. G. HANSON, P. M.

Shall We Allow Saloons in Berea?

It is an open secret that a petition is being circulated asking for an election on the question of allowing saloons in Berea. As a similar motion was lost about ten years ago, fourteen to one, one of two things must be true. Either the forces that prefer liquor, poverty and gunplay have increased, or some are being led away by the ridiculous plea that saloons will make business more lively.

As to the first, it may be true to a slight degree, but no sensible man is likely to declare his honest conviction that the increase in population in our city has been an increase in only the baser elements. Then the dependence of those who are circulating the petition upon the indifference or deception of those who stand for morality is the community. If any one thinks it would increase the business of the place to have saloons on our streets he is greatly deceived. It might increase the number of those who loaf around our streets, but such would not spend money for real goods. They have little enough for groceries and other necessities now, but if this little should be spent for liquor, where would they procure their necessities? By credit? Who would give credit to a saloon loafer? How much do those who spend their time around the few suspicious resorts now in the place spend in the stores today?

Then are you being deceived, you who are asked to put your names to this petition? Do you think it will not be known? When that petition has been presented, it will become a part of the public records, and the public has a right and will have a desire to know who asks for saloons in a College community. Gentlemen, think a moment. Which do you prefer, a quiet, peaceable, moral community, where people will send their children in confidence that they will be free from unwholesome influence, or a community to which all the "bad men" of the surrounding country will come to "tank up" and fight? Will a school community or a saloon community afford you the most pleasure and profit? Think it over and act according to your conviction.

Every man owes it to himself and his family to master a trade or profession. Read the display advertisement of the six Morse Schools of Telegraphy, in this issue and learn how easily a young man or lady may learn telegraphy and be assured a position.

DR. R. C. BOGGS

DENTIST

Corner Main and Broadway, BERE A, KY.

At Livingston Monday and Tuesday.

FOR SALE.

One Poland China Brood Sow, "Pearl," No. 139270 O.P.C.R. Sired by "Victor Chief," No. 47061 and out of "Beauty," No. 71934. Also one Boar and two Sow Pigs out of "Pearl" and sired by "Kentucky Perfection," No. 26895 C.P.C.R. Call on or address, G. T. SPENCER, Berea, Ky.

Farm for Sale.

Farm of 45 acres, five room house, good barn and out-buildings. About ten acres in timber, all of the balance in grass, good water for house and stock (everlasting), good orchard and small fruits. Near school, church and post-office; good mills and bank within one mile. This property can be bought right. Call on or address, J. R. CORNELISON, Madison Co. Waco, Ky.

FOR RENT.

Rooms for rent, well located and ventilated. Enquire of C. C. Rhodus.

TAKEN UP.

Taken up as a stray, one pale yellow cow. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charge. W. J. TATUM.

THE CITIZEN

GOOD STORIES

ALL THE COLLEGE NEWS

A Bright, Clean and Progressive Newspaper

Published Every Thursday

One Year - - - One Dollar
Six Months - - - Fifty Cents
Three Months, Twenty-Five Cts.

The home folks are interested in Berea.

Why not send them the Citizen?

It is as good as a letter to them, and less trouble to you.

Dizzy Spells



and backaches, that tired feeling, absence of appetite, and extreme nervousness that so frequently afflict you, mean that you are bilious. Biliousness is caused by a badly disordered or inactive liver.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

acts instantly and effectively on the liver —reinvigorates and strengthens it and restores it to perfect condition.

The remarkable virtue of this wonderful remedy has been demonstrated in thousands of instances, and it will work wonders in cleansing and setting your whole system aright.

Its good effects are permanent. DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN can be obtained in both dollar and half-dollar sizes from all druggists.

Your money will be refunded if it does not benefit you.

Your postal card request will bring by return mail our new booklet, "DR. CALDWELL'S BOOK OF WONDERS" and free sample to those who have never tried this wonderful remedy. Write today.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO.
Monticello, Illinois
For Sale by S. E. WELCH, Jr.
BEREA, KY.

S. R. BAKER

Dentist

Office Over Printing Office BERE A, KY.

Office hours from 8 to 4

Teeth extracted without pain—Somaforme

PRODUCE,

CHICKENS,

GEESE, TURKEYS,

EGGS, HIDES,

TALLOW, ETC.

Bought at top-notch prices by

J. S. GOTT,

Depot Street, - - - Berea, Ky.

Real Estate

I have quite a number of building lots and some improved property in Berea for sale. Also farm and timber lands in Madison, Rockcastle and Estill Counties. I also have two good farms with store houses upon them and good stands for selling goods.

Any one desiring such property should call on me.

J. P. BICKNELL,

Berea, Ky.

L. R. McSwain

Shoe and

Harness Repairing

Ladies Shoe Repairing a Specialty

All work called for and delivered within city limits.

PHONE 56.

Monuments

URNS, HEADSTONES,

STATUARY,

—OF—

Granite and Marble.

Monumental work of all kinds done in a workman-like manner, at reasonable prices, and with dispatch. All our work is guaranteed.

Golden & Flora,

RICHMOND, KY.

Corner of Main and Collins Streets

FOR SALE OR RENT.

Fifty-two acres on the Big Hill Pike; 26 acres in grass and about 14 acres under cultivation. Good house and garden.

E. E. BROCKMAN,
Big Hill, Ky.

FOR SALE.

A few fresh Jersey Cows. Apply to J. W. HERNDON, three miles from Berea on the Richmond Pike.

5000 TELEGRAPHERS NEEDED

Annually, to fill the new positions created by Railroad and Telegraph Companies. We want YOUNG MEN and LADIES of good habits to

LEARN TELEGRAPHY

AND R. R. ACCOUNTING.

We furnish 75 per cent of the Operators and Station Agents in America. Our 6 schools are the largest exclusive Telegraph Schools IN THE WORLD. Established 20 years and endorsed by all leading Railway Officials. We execute a \$250 Bond to every student to furnish him or her a position paying from \$40 to \$60 a month in States east of the Rocky Mountains, and from \$75 to \$100 a month in States west of the Rockies, immediately upon graduation.

Students can enter at any time. No vacations. For full particulars regarding any of our schools write direct to our executive office at Cincinnati, O. Catalogue free.

The Morse School of Telegraphy,
Cincinnati, Ohio, Buffalo, N. Y.,
Atlanta, Ga., La Crosse, Wis.,
Texarkana, Tex., San Francisco, Cal.

Something for Students.

Pictures worth looking at. Come and see them.

Everything in the Furniture line.

L. O. LESTER

Next to the Mill, Chestnut Ave.,

Phone 93

PUBLIC SALE

Saturday, Sept. 30, '05,

I will offer at Public Sale, at Depot, my
Big Stock of General Merchandise

In small lots or any way to suit purchasers. Must have money.

TERMS WILL BE CASH.

Will also offer for sale, privately, my Store House, Lot and Dwelling—as good a location as there is in Berea. Store Room is 102 feet long; also side room and good dwelling over head.

Also one good Building Lot 80x195 feet. Nice lawn fence around it.

Also one Lot adjoining, containing one Building, boxed and covered, two story, 20x30 feet. Also has 20 good feed stalls on lot. Most suitable place in town for the hundreds of wagons coming to this place.

My sales amounted to \$16,000.00 in 1904.

A. P. SETTLE, Jr.,

BEREA, KY.

Berea College

FOUNDED 1855.

PLACES THE BEST EDUCATION IN REACH OF ALL.

Over 40 Teachers and 900 Students from (26 States) Largest College Library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

APPLIED SCIENCE—Two years' Course, with agriculture for young men and Domestic Science for young ladies.

TRADE SCHOOLS—Carpentry, Printing, Housework, Nursing (two years).

NORMAL COURSES—For teachers. Three courses, leading to County Certificate, State Certificate and State Diploma.

ACADEMY COURSES—Four years, fitting for College, for business and for life.

COLLEGE COURSES—Literary, Scientific, Classical, leading to Baccalaureate degrees.

MUSIC—Choral (free), Reed Organ, Vocal, Piano, Theory.

We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education. Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction, and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for full term of 14 weeks may be brought within \$29.50. Winter term of 11 weeks \$27.00. Spring term of 11 weeks \$24.25. Fall term opened September 13.

The School is endorsed by Baptists, Christians (Disciples), Congregationalists, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations

For information and friendly advice address the Secretary,

WILL C. GAMBLE,

Berea, Madison County, Ky.

DR. MOFFETT'S
TEETHINA
(TEETHING POWDERS)

Cures Cholera Infantum, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, and the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child and MAKES TEETHING EASY. Costs Only 25c at Druggists, or mail 25c to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., St. Louis, Mo. Mother! Hesitate no longer, but save the health and life of your child, as thousands have done, by giving these powders. TEETHINA is easily given and quickly counteracts and overcomes the effects of the summer's heat upon teething children.